United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd.

2022 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting Agenda

Time: 9:30 AM, Friday, June 24, 2022

Place: No.7, Li-Hsin 3rd Rd., Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu, Taiwan (International conference hall)

Total URE shares: 1,626,748,299 shares Total shares represented by shareholders present in person or by proxy: 964,388,201 shares(including 448,360,025 sharesof e-voting), Percentage of shares held by shareholders present in person or by proxy: 59.28%

Chairman: Hong, Chum-Sam

Recorder: Penny Chen

Directors present : Pan.Wen-Whe

Independent Director: Tsai, Ming-Fang

Others: Yung-Hua Huang (Accountant) lay-lay Pan (Financial Officer) \ Zabrina. Hsu(Legal Officer) \

RitaYang (Accounting Officer) •

1. Chairman's Address: (Omitted)

2.Report Items

Item 1

Motion: 2021 business report.

Please refer to ANNEX 1, the 2021 Business Report.

Item 2

Motion: Audit committee's report of 2021.

Please refer to ANNEX 2, the Audit Committee's report of 2021.

Item 3

Motion: The status of issuing common stock to increase capital by private placement...

- 1. Based on the need of the operational plan of the company, on March 28, 2018, the company submitted the following proposal to the shareholders' meeting for the first approval: Cash capital increase via the issuance of privately placed ordinary shares within the limit of 380,000 thousand shares: Passed. The same proposal was revised in the fifth shareholders meeting on October 1, 2018 in which the total amount of the private placement was NT \$2,781,306,962 with the issuance of 334,291,702 shares of common stock at par value of NT \$8.32 (dollars) per share. The subscribers of the private placement shall be affiliated to the National Development Fund, Executive Yuan or the management committee member of Yaohua Glass Co., Ltd.
- 2. Please refer to ANNEX 3.

Item 4

Motion: The Company resolved to abandon the private placement of common shares approved at the 2021 Annual Shareholders' Meeting for the remaining period.

1. The Company at the annual shareholders' meeting dated 7 May 2021,resolved to ssue up to 250,000,000 common shares for capital increase through private

- placement. According to Item 7 of Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act,a private placement of common shares may be carried out in installments within one year from the date of the resolution of the shareholders' meeting.
- 2. To date the aforesaid private placement of common shares has not been executed. URE plans to abandon the original private placement for the remaining period.

Item 5

Motion: The status of sound business plan.

- 1. According to the Financial Supervision and Administration Commission of the Republic of China on September 22, 2021, the issue of the certificate No. 1100356583 and No. 11003565831, the sound operational plan mentioned by the company when reporting the capital increase by issuing ordinary shares and 3rd secured domestic convertible bonds. The implementation situation requires the report of the shareholders' meeting.
- 2. The status of sound business plan, Please refer to ANNEX 4.

3. Matters for Ratification

Item 1 (Proposed by the Board of Directors)
Motion: 2021 business report and financial statements.

Explanatory Notes:

- 1. URE's 2021 Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements were audited by KPMG Taiwan CPAs, Chen-chien Chen, and Yung-hua Huang. The aforementioned and FY 2021 business report have been approved by the audit committee.
- 2. 2021 Business Report, Independent Auditors' Report, and the aforementioned Financial Statements are attached hereto as ANNEX 1 & 5.

Resolution: Approved by the voting result as follows

Approved by the voting	% of the total represented share present		
For: 905,958,762 votes (including e-voting)	94.20%		
Against: 390,800 votes (including e-voting)	0.04%		
Nullification: 0 votes	0.00%		
Abstain: 55,296,344 votes (including e-voting)	5.75%		

Item2

(Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Motion: 2021 appropriation of loss.

Explanatory Notes:

1. To accept 2021 appropriation of loss,For the loss offsetting list, please refer to ANNEX 6.

Resolution: Approved by the voting result as follows

Approved by the voting	% of the total represented share present
For: 905,842,512 votes (including e-voting)	94.19%
Against: 601,490 votes (including e-voting)	0.06%
Nullification: 0 votes	0.00%
Abstain: 55,201,904 votes (including e-voting)	5.74%

4.Matters for Discussion

Item 1 (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Motion: Amendment to the "Articles of Incorporation".

Explanatory Notes:

1. In compliance with laws and operation need of the Company, amendment has been made to the "Articles of Incorporation.", Please refer to the comparison chart of the Articles of Incorporation as ANNEX 7 of this handbook.

Resolution: Approved by the voting result as follows

Approved by the voting	% of the total represented share present		
For: 906,056,205 votes (including e-voting)	94.21%		
Against: 393,111 votes (including e-voting)	0.04%		
Nullification: 0 votes	0.00%		
Abstain: 55,196,590 votes (including e-voting)	5.73%		

Item 2 (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Motion: Proposal for a capital increased by cash or issuing overseas depositary receipt through issuing common stock.

Explanatory Notes:

- 1. For the purpose of fulfilling the capital needs of the Company'quest for prime competitiveness via business expansion and development, sound financial operations, strong ability to pay back loans, additional funding may be required, thus, the board submits plans to issue, at an appropriate time and quantity schedule, up to 200,000,000 common shares and/or common shares for Global Depository Receipts (later referred as "the issuance").
 - (1)For the issuance of new common shares by capital increase.

According to Article 28, Section 1 of the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities, it is proposed to authorize the Board of Directors to adopt either "Book Building" or "Public Subscription for public offering". The percentage allocated for public offering is detailed in the following sections.

A. Book Building

- (a) According to Article 267 of the Company Act, 10% to 15% of the new shares to be issued will be reserved for subscription by the employees of the Company, although for those unsubscribed or renounced by the employees, it is further proposed to authorize the Chairman to allot these shares for subscription by designated persons at its issue price. According to Article 28 Section 1 of the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities, for the remaining 85% to 90% of the new shares to be issued, it is proposed to have all exisiting shareholders waive their pre-emptive rights in proportion to their respective shareholding and conduct a public offering through book building, which will be made in strict accordance with the Rules Governing Underwriting and Resale of Securities by Securities Firms issued by the Taiwan Securities Association.
- (b)According to Article 7 of the Disciplinary Rules for Securities Underwriters Assisting Issuing Companies in the Offering and Issuance of Securities issued by the Taiwan Securities Association ("Disciplinary Rules"), the actual price of the new common shares for cash by capital increase may not lower than 90% of average closing price of the common shares of the Company for either one, three or five business days prior to

the pricing date after adjustment for any distribution of stock/cash dividends or capital reduction. It is proposed to authorize, after the expiry of the book building period, the Chairman to determine the actual issue price of the new common shares after discussion with and agreed by the lead underwriter considering the status of book building.

B. Public Subscription:

- (a) According to Article 267 of the Company Act, 10% to 15% of the new shares to be issued will be reserved for subscription by the employees of the Company. 10% of the new shares will be allotted for public offering. The remaining 75%-80% of the new shares to be issued will be allocated for the subscription by the shareholders in proportion to their respective shareholding as shown on the shareholder register as of the record date. For those unsubscribed shares by employees and shareholders, it is further proposed to authorize the Chairman to allot these shares for subscription by designated persons at its issue price.
- (b)According to Article 6 of the Disciplinary Rules, the actual issue price of the new common shares by capital increase may not be lower than 70% of the average closing price of the common shares of the Company for either one, three of five business days prior to the date of pricing date after adjustment for any distribution of stock/cash dividends or capital reduction. It is proposed to authorize the Chairman to determine the actual issue price of the new common shares after discussion with and agreed by the lead underwriter.
- C. It is proposed to authorize the Board of Directors to handle all relevant matters of the issuance of new shares such as but not limited to its conditions, number of shares to be issued, price, raised amount, capital purpose plan, forecasted schedule, estimated potential impacts, determination of the respective effective date and receipt period of proceeds, underwriting and fundraising agreements. It is proposed to authorize the Board of Directors to handle all relevant matters of the issuance of new shares upon receipt of approvals from the competent authorities.
- (2)Capital increase by issuing underlying common stock for Global Depositary Receipts (GDR) offering.
 - A. According to Article 267 of the Company Act, 10% to 15% of the new shares to be issued will be reserved for subscription by the employees of the Company, although for those unsubscribed by the employees, it is further proposed to authorize the Chairman to allot these shares for subscription by designated persons at its issue price. According to Article 28 Section 1 of the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities, for the remaining 85% to 90% of the new shares to be issued, it is proposed to have all exisiting shareholders waive their pre-emptive rights in proportion to their respective shareholding and conduct a public offering as the underlying shares of the proposed issuance of GDRs.
 - B. According to Article 9 of the Disciplinary Rules, the issue price of the new common shares by capital increase may not be lower than 90% of the closing price of common shares on the Taiwan Stock Exchange or 90% of average closing price of the common shares of the Company for either one, three or five business days prior to the pricing date, after adjustment for any distribution of stock/cash dividends or capital reduction. It is proposed to authorize the Chairman, within the scope of the local regulations and capital market situation to negotiate with the actual issue price with the lead underwriter.

- C. It is proposed to authorize the Board of Directors to handle all relevant matters of the issuance of new shares such as but not limited to its conditions, number of shares to be issued, price, raised amount, capital purpose plan, forecasted schedule, estimated potential benefits, determination of the respective underwriters and other relevant matters. It is proposed to authorize the Chairman to execute all agreements and documents and handle all relevant matters of the issuance of new shares upon receipt of approvals from the competent authorities.
- 2. Calculated based upon the maximum number of the issuance of new shares for cash by capital increase for the issuance of GDRs (i.e., 200,000,000 common shares), the shareholder equity may be diluted by 12% to the maximum. As the funds raised from the issuance of GDRs will be used to support and strengthen the expansion of the Company, its financial operations, its ability to pay back loans and/or other future developments, this proposal shall have positive impact on the shareholder equity.
- 3. The pricing of this issuance shall abide all existent regulations and be governed by the verifiable fair pricing mechanisms established by the Taiwan Stock Exchange, thus, is expected to fulfill the highest standards of rationality.
- 4. The shareholder's rights and obligations of the new shares to be issued for cash by capital increase or for the issuance of GDRs shall rank pari passu in all respects with the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company.
- 5. It is proposed to authorize the Board of Directors to handle all relevant matters of the issuance of new shares upon receipt of approvals from the competent authorities.

Resolution: Approved by the voting result as follows

Approved by the voting	% of the total represented share present
For: 905,420,368 votes (including e-voting)	94.15%
Against: 1,033,505 votes (including e-voting)	0.10%
Nullification: 0 votes	0.00%
Abstain: 55,192,033 votes (including e-voting)	5.73%

Item 3 (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Motion: Proposal for a capital increased by private placement.

Explanatory Notes

- 1. In order to expand operational scale, increase operation fund, or meet the Company's need for funds for its future development to maintain the Company's continuing business development and increase its competitiveness relieve funding needs, the Company plans to proceed with a private placement by no more than 200,000,000 common shares, at NT\$10 per share face value.
- 2. In accordance with Provision 6, Article 43 in the Securities and Exchange Law, the private placement is described as follows:
 - (A) Base and reason for price setting:
 - (1) Price for the private placement must not be set lower than 80% of either of the following two bases, whichever is higher, on the price fixing day on the price fixing base authorized to the Board of Directors by a resolution from shareholders meeting.
 - (a) the simple arithmetical average closing price of the common shares of the Company for either 1, 3 or 5 consecutive business days before pricing date, after adjustment for any gratuitous distribution of stock dividends, cash dividends or capital reduction.

- (b) the simple arithmetical average closing price of the common shares of the Company for the 30 consecutive business days before pricing date, after adjustment for any distribution of stock dividends, cash dividends, or capital reduction.
- (2) In respect of actual issue price for this private placement of the Company's common shares, at no lower than the percentage resolved by shareholders' meeting, the Board of Directors is authorized to determine it to consult particular persons and according to the market's situation in the future. This private placement of the Company's common shares might have to be issued under face value due to changes in the market, under consideration of stable management and sound financial structure of the Company. If for every share issue under face value, the difference between face value and actual private placement price lead to accumulated deficit on the books, which will be offset depending on future operation of the Company. After benefit from capital increase occurs, financial structure improves, which will benefit long term development of the Company and have positive impact on Shareholder's Equity.
- (3) The aforementioned private placement price is determined in accordance with relevant regulations for listed firms for private placement of securities. Therefore, the basis for pricing of private placement for the Company's common shares is quite reasonable.
- (B) Selection of specific persons:

Pursuant to the specific persons specified in Article 43-6 in the Securities and Exchange Law, as well as Letter No.0990046878 dated 1 Sept. 2010 from the Financial Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan. As the Company has not yet decided any specific fund-raisers, it is proposed that the Board of Directors authorizes the Chairman to place one who can yield direct or indirect benefits in the future as the top consideration and selects from specific persons who meet regulations of the Competent Auhotirties.

- (C) Essential reasons for the private placement:
 - (1) Reasons for not adopting public issue: As currently the fund-raising market's condition is not easy to grasp, and in order to ensure the efficiency and feasibility of raising a fund and effectively lower its cost, the Company desires to increase its cash capital by private placement of its common shares. In addition, by authorizing the Board of Directors to undertake a private placement depending on the market's condition and as the Company actually needs, mobility and efficiency of the Company's fund-raising will be increased.
 - (2) Privately-placed amount: not more than 200,000,000 common shares of the Company; In respect of total amount for the private placement in accordance with the actual situation, the Board of Directors is authorized to decide it. It can be handled once or twice within a year.
 - (3) Purposes for the privately-placed fund: to expand the operational scale, increase the operational fund, or meet the needs for the Company's future development.
 - (4) Expected benefits: In addition to expanding the Company's operational scale in the future, effectively decreasing fund costs, and ensuring fund-raising efficiency, this plan expects to increase the Company's competitiveness, And strengthen the overall financial structure and solvency raise its operational efficiency and benefit shareholders' equities positively.
- 3. All the rights and obligations for the privately placed common shares are the same as those for the issued common shares of the Company. However, according to the

Securities Exchange Act, except for being transferred to a transferee meeting the requirement under Article 43-8 of the Securities Exchange Act, the privately placed common shares cannot be sold within three years after their delivery. After three years from the delivery of privately placed common shares, according to related regulations, the Company shall apply with the competent authorities for public issuance.

- 4. In the case of this private placement of ordinary shares, if later the private placement cannot be completed within one year. It is proposed that the Shareholders' Meeting authorizes the Board of Directors with full power and authority to handle related matters. the Board of Directors will be convened before the deadline for discussing not to continue the private placement and publish the information compared to a major message on the Market Observation Post System (MOPS).
- 5. If corrections to issue conditions, plan items, fund utilizing progress, expected potential benefits, as well as matters not specified, or corrections required due to change in law or regulation or opinions of the Competent Authorities and based on operational assessment or objective environment, It is proposed that the Shareholders' Meeting authorizes the Board of Directors with full power and authority to handle related matters.
- 6. For the sake of proceeding with the private placement of common shares, It is proposed that the Board of Directors authorizes the Chairman or the Chairman may authorize a company manager designated by him/her to sign and deliberate all contracts and documents related to this private placement and sign all affairs related to this private placement on behalf of the Company.
- 7. Regarding proposal 2 and 3 proposed to this shareholders' meeting, after the proposals are resolved during the shareholders' meeting, the company proposes to authorize board of directors to conduct capital increase in cash by issuing ordinary shares at an appropriate timing within the ceiling amount of 200,000 thousand ordinary shares and participate in the issuance of overseas depositary receipt by conducting capital increase in cash from issuance of ordinary shares or conducting fund raising by methods such as issuing ordinary shares by private placement at an appropriate timing where the above may be conducted simultaneously, separately, in multiple times or only one of them is selected to conduct depending on actual situation.

Resolution: Approved by the voting result as follows

Approved by the voting	% of the total represented share present		
For: 799,300,558 votes (including e-voting)	83.11%		
Against: 107,148,037 votes (including e-voting)	11.14%		
Nullification: 0 votes	0.00%		
Abstain: 55,197,311 votes (including e-voting)	5.73%		

Item 4 (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Motion: Amendment to the "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets". Explanatory Notes:

1. In compliance with laws, amendment has been made to the "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets", Please refer to the comparison chart of the Acquisition or disposal of Assets Procedure on ANNEX 8 of this handbook.

Resolution: Approved by the voting result as follows

Approved by the voting	% of the total represented
	share present

For: 906,004,762 votes (including e-voting)	94.21%
Against: 449,650 votes (including e-voting)	0.04%
Nullification: 0 votes	0.00%
Abstain: 55,191,494 votes (including e-voting)	5.73%

Item 5

(Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Motion: It is proposed to issue Restricted Stock Awards (RSAs) to employee. Explanatory Notes:

- 1. In order to encourage excellent employee and keep topnotch talent, it is proposed to issue RSA under Article 267 in the Company Law and criteria Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers.
- 2. RSAs to be issued this time are described below:
 - (A)Total issue amount: NT\$14,000,000, \$10 per share face value, totaling 1,400,000 shares.
 - (B) Issue conditions:
 - (1) Issue price: NT\$0 (i.e. gratuitous) per share face value.
 - (2) Vesting conditions:
 - (a) Vest 50% RSAs to those employee who still serve the Company 1 year after each issue day and who had good performance in the year of the issue day.
 - (b) Vest 50% RSAs to those employee who still serve the Company 2 years after each issue day and who had good performance in the next year of the issue day.
 - (3) Type of shares to be issued: the Company's common shares.
 - (4) When employee do not conform to the vesting conditions or in case of inheritance after they receive or subscribe for RSAs:
 - (a) When employees who receive RSAs each time voluntarily resign, are dismissed or apply for leave without pay:
 - (i) not-yet-vested RSAs: the Company may purchase at issue price.
 - (ii) stock dividends & cash dividends received during vesting period: the Company provides gratuitously.
 - (b) When employee are below good in performance in either of the two years each time they receive RSAs.
 - (i) receive not-yet-vested RSAs of the year: the Company may purchase at issue price.
 - (ii) stock dividends & cash dividends received during vesting period: the Company provides gratuitously.
 - (3) Retire: When employee who have retired or are applying for retirement received a good performance in the last year, they may obtain their not-yet-vesting RSAs in whole. If their performance is below good, the Company may purchase the not-yet-vesting RSAs at issue price.
 - (4) If dismissed, the Company may purchase the not-yet-vesting RSAs at issue price.
 - (5) In case of disability or death as a result of occupational injury or general death:
 - (i) When employee cannot continue to hold their posts due to disability as a result of occupational injury, they many claim the not-vet-vesting RSAs fully when leaving their jobs.
 - (ii) In case of death as a result of as a result of occupational injury, the not-yet-vesting RSAs will be considered "fully vested". After

- completing statutory procedure and provide related documents, their inheritors may claim their shares or rights which they are due to inherit.
- (6) Transfer to affiliated firm: As the Company's operations need, if employees are required to transfer to the Company's affiliated firm or other firm after the Company's verification, the Company may purchase the not-yet-vested RSAs at issue price.
- (7) Regarding all RSAs that the Company purchased back, the Company will cancel them.
- (C)Qualifications and shares which employee may receive or subscribe for:
 - (1) RSAs are available only for all formal employees have taken office at the Company.
 - (2) RSAs for a single employee each fiscal year and total quantity of employee stock option certificates issued pursuant to Article 56-1, Provision 1 in the Criteria Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers, must not exceed three in a thousand of the total quantity of shares. And quantity of shares which a single employee may subscribes for with his/her employee stock option certificate each fiscal year and RSA which a single employee may receive, must not exceed 1% of the total quantity of shares.
 - (3) Quantity of RSAs actually provided to employee and received by them needs to refer to seniority, rank, job performance, overall contribution, special achievements, etc., and to be submitted by the Chairman to the Board of Directors for approval. Only a manager or director who is an employee should be approved by the Compensation committee.
- (D)Essential reaso ns for the RSAs: to attract, retain, encourage excellent talent and increase employees' loyalty, in order to make business continue toward a positive and stable development and create the maximum benefits for the Company and shareholders.
- (E)Possible expensed amount, dilution on EPS, other effects on equities: issue price is calculated by NT\$0 (i.e. gratuitous), substituted into the option pricing model, fair value for a share is approximately \$19.80, resulting in a possible expensed amount \$27,720,000. After issue, expensed amounts allocated for 2022, 2023, 2024, and 2025 are \$4,331,000, \$11,839,000, \$9,529,000, and \$2,021,000, respectively; effects on earnings approximately \$0.003, \$0.007, \$0.006, and \$0.001, respectively. The Company's operations in the coming years are expected to continue its growing trends. As a result, estimated overall, the dilution on earnings per share (EPS) is limited and also might not have any significant effect on existing shareholders.
- 3. Within 1 year after passing shareholders' meeting, this proposal may proceed with the Competent Authorities at different times. Within 1 year after a declaration approval notice from the Competent Authorities arrives, depending on the actual needs, issue can be made at one time or several times, and actual issue date is decided by requesting the Board of Directors to authorize the Chairman.
- 4. RSAs to be issued this time, related restrictions, and important agreed-on matters or matters not specified, will proceed under relevant law and regulations and issue measures specified by the Company.

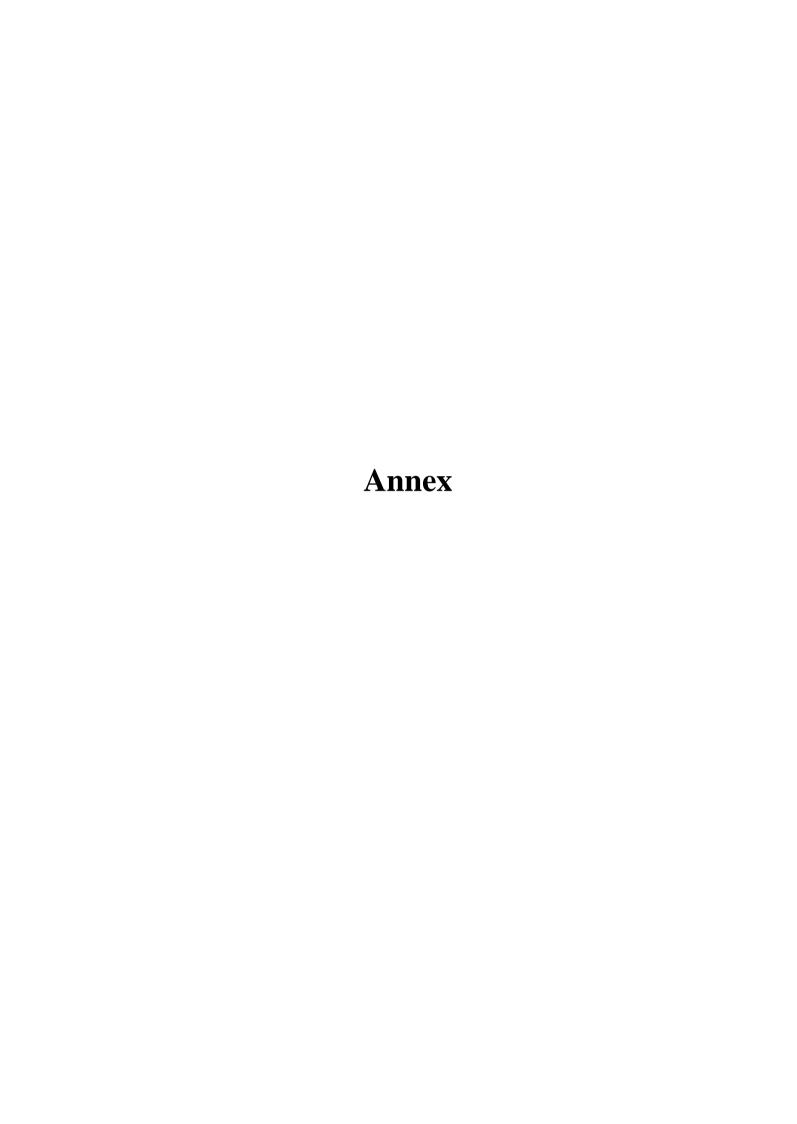
Resolution: Approved by the voting result as follows

Approved by the voting	% of the total represented	
	share present	

For: 830,999,761 votes (including e-voting)	86.41%
Against: 75,478,386 votes (including e-voting)	7.84%
Nullification: 0 votes	0.00%
Abstain: 55,167,759 votes (including e-voting)	5.73%

5. Extempore Motion: None

6.Meeting Adjourned: AM10:29



United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd. Business Report

Dear Shareholders.

On behalf of the Management Team of United Renewable Energy (URE), I would like to thank you all for your continued support.

As countries relaxed their COVID-19 prevention measures, positive global economic growth is expected, IMF predict 2021 global economic growth rate to be around 5.9%, even though growth still expected for 2022 but pandemic, inflation, supple chain bottleneck and environmental disaster trigger by greenhouse effect could weaken long term growth. After the COP26, global consensus is to increase the use of green energy with expectation that use of green energy could lessen the severity of environmental disaster and ultimately help the world reach Net Zero. This should increase the government investment in green energy infrastructure such as USA's Build Back Better plan, India's "Gati Shakti" and China's energy policy, and bring tremendous development opportunity to green energy sector. Solar industry faced numerous challenges such as pandemic, sharp increase in prices of raw material and international transportation cost etc. Even under these challenging times, the consolidated revenue of URE reached NT\$14.2 billion. With hard work and dedication from all our employees, the sales volume of solar cell and module increased significantly and URE maintain leadership position in Taiwan market.

URE continued to develop high efficiency solar products with 6 major advantages such as "high efficiency", "high value", "environmental sustainable", "highly reliable", "vertically integrated" and "highly rated". With PEACH VLM products, generating efficiency could reach 460W (M6) and 550W (M10), it's leading the Taiwan industry. URE also developed easy dismantled solar module, which overturn traditional module production, and leading the industry toward sustainable development. URE's products also pass the test by ITRI and SGS, and water quality standard by EPA. URE's products also pass REACH SVHC 221 and RoHS tests by ETC and proved to be environmental friendly. At same time, URE's products also pass TUV Rheinland's electromagnetic compatibility standard such as EN IEC61000-6-1:2019 and EN IEC61000-6-3:2021. In order to adapt to Taiwan's unique environment, URE's module pass ITRI's IEC 60068-2-52 Severity 8 tests and also PID for 300 hours. The raw material used can withstand CASS 288 hours (ASTM B368), equivalent to reliability of 40 years in coastal area. URE is the only company with products that are resistant to salt erosion and environmental friendly.

URE received many awards and recognition from international and domestic organizations such as IEC, VPC, UL, CEC, Etc. URE product also certified as clean energy product by organizations from numerous countries. URE's solar cell and module was awarded Taiwan Excellent PV award by Bureau of Energy, Ministry of Economic Affairs in 2021, and its ninth consecutive years that URE has the honor of receiving this award. URE was also on the list of Bloomberg New Energy Finance Tier 1 Module Manufacturer List in 2021, further recognized URE's excellence in the PV field.

URE expands downstream solar system project business actively. URE has built up its core competences in development, construction, sales, and financing of global solar system projects. As well as providing O&M service for solar system. URE is largest developer of PV systems in Taiwan. In overseas market, URE forms strategic alliances with internationally renowned renewable energy management companies. URE focus on the development of the projects and sold it to asset management companies. In 2021, URE sold Monte Plata solar power station in Dominican Republic to MPC Capital, with asset value is over US\$50 million. Monte Plata was awarded PREMIOS ATABEY by famous ATABEY, the highest honor for environmental award in Dominican Republic. In Taiwan, URE group win over 230MW of government projects in 2021, with over 400 projects all over Taiwan, its estimated URE won over 60% of the government tender. After much hard work, URE managed to complete Taiwan largest school roof projects, largest projects from Taiwan Water Corporation and largest government building roof project in 4th quarter of 2021. URE is able to provide one stop services from professional consultation to module supply to customers, which increase URE's competitiveness. URE also have large utility scale projects in Yunlin, Changhua, Pingtung in development, those will be largest projects in next 5years. According to Bloomberg New Energy Finance forecast, as much as 252 GW of solar PV could be installed globally in 2022. Due to the future potential and stable income from solar system, URE will aggressively develop global solar system business which can also create demand for solar cell and module products and driving future growth.

In order to provide total solutions for the renewable energy, URE invested in design and development of Energy Storage System (ESS) products, and is one of the important system integrator for ESS in Taiwan. URE won the tender for ESS procurement for Taipower's South Yan-Tian (SYT) system project. The energy-storage system at SYT will be coupled with a 150MW solar photo-voltaic (PV) site at the same location. The combined facility will become Taiwan's largest PV-plus-storage project; the total capacity is 15MW/15MWh. This energy-storage system will enable Taipower to perform grid-scale automatic frequency control, photo-voltaic (PV) smoothing, frequency regulation, and ancillary services. At same time, URE also began to build our own AFC ESS, and is target to own 12.3MW of ESS, total investment around NT\$ 260 million. URE will continue to develop Lithium Ion Battery module for all purposes including storage + UPS systems. According to Infolink, global ESS market could reach 70GWh by 2025 with compound annual growth rate of 48%.

The following are highlight of 2021 performance and business plan for the 2022:

1. The report on 2021 business result

1.1.2021 Financial Performance

Unit: NT\$'000

Item	2020	2019
Consolidated Net Sales	14,302,408	12,511,034
Consolidated Gross Income (Loss)	728,819	(876,476)
Consolidated Loss from Operation	(820,746)	(4,614,257)
Consolidated Loss After Income Tax	(1,341,587)	(6,162,307)
Net Loss Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent	(1,288,203)	(6,139,015)

1.2.Budget Implementation

URE did not provide nor disclose any budget forecast to the public.

1.3. Analysis of Receipts, Expenditures, and Profitability

1.3.1. Analysis of Receipts and Expenditures

In 2021, the net cash generated in operating activities amount to NT\$1.3 billion, net cash generated from investing activities amount to NT\$32 million, the net cash used in financing activities amount to NT\$950 million. URE will continue to maintain sufficient cash position and finance operation will continue to be conservative and prudent.

1.3.2. Analysis of Profitability

The consolidated revenue increased by 14% from previous year to NT\$14.3 billion, which was mainly due to strong overseas demand and stable growth from domestic market. The gross margin is 5%, the operating expenses declined by 18%, the net loss for the year was NT\$1.3 billion, decreased by 79% compared to same period previous year. URE's finance is stable and sound, cash and cash equivalents amount to NT\$5.3 billion by the end of 2021, URE will continue to maintain sufficient cash position and finance operation will continue to be conservative and prudent.

1.4.Examine Research and Development Work

URE developed products for different types of solar project (rooftop, ground mount, floating, and agrivoltaic...etc.). URE products include large size PEACH VLM, M6 and M10 is better suited to utility scale projects. Bifacial Glory PEACH is structurally more durable, and is suitable to non-arable land, its wind pressure resistant, and fireproof. PEACH BiFi has light structural design and high efficiency performance, suited to roof top projects. As system power station voltage increase, module and ground have higher voltage difference, which can impact on long term performance of the bifacial module. URE with support and subsidy from Bureau of Energy, Ministry of Economic Affairs, improved quality of solar cell as well as performance of the products. From reliability test by ITRI, it's proved that up to 10% more power can be generated. URE have applied for patent in Taiwan and USA, the new products are plan for the new production line, and will target the global market.

2.2022 Business Plan and Future Developmental Strategy

Business Policy, Sales Volume Forecast and Other Important Production and Sales Policies

2.1. Production Policies

Total production capacity of solar cell is about 2.8GW, the module production capacity will reach 1.5GW in 2-3 years with vertical integration, and downstream system business will reach 1GW within next 5 years

2.2.Research and Development

The world is experiencing period of energy transition, shifting from fossil fuel to renewable energy. In order to improve efficiency and lower cost per watt, URE continued to lead in key technology and increase R&D process ability. With government target of 20GW by 2025, URE played an important role in solar sector, with "high efficiency", "high value", "highly reliable", and "environmental sustainable" as cornerstone, URE lead the sector in technology capability

As solar module waste disposal became economic and political issue, IEA predicted there will be 6 million tons of waste by 2030, Taiwan EPA expected over 10,000 tons of waste by 2025. Government supported new design and recycle technology to solve this issue. URE in cooperation with ITRI to develop easy dismantled solar module, with can recycle material such as silicon wafer and glass, increase the value of waste recycle and lower environmental burden.

2.3. Sales Policies

In order to keep up with growing global demand for renewable energy, URE will continue to expand in existing market and improve penetration to the newly developed market for customers. At same time, utilized growth potential in Taiwan domestic market, expand module production capacity and develop high end module brand. URE will build a strong system sales team in order to develop global system business and sales channel.

2.4.System Business

In domestic market, with URE premium quality solar cell and module products, and Taiwan Government's long term goal of 20GW accumulated PV capacity by 2025, URE will continue to expand domestic system business. And use experience accumulated in domestic market to aggressively develop international system business. As the world recovers from pandemic and governments increase investment in green energy, URE expected overseas business to improve, with vertical integration of solar industry, URE will be able to provide total solution to our customers.

2.5. New Business Development

URE is dedicated to providing co-generation solutions, including PV plus storage, for Taiwan's large energy users, carbon reduction/green energy certification services, and energy systems powering Taipower's AFC or automatic frequency control ancillary-services. At same time, URE will continue to develop Lithium Ion Battery module for all purposes including storage + UPS systems.

3.Effect of External Competition, the Legal Environment and the Overall Business Environment

- 3.1.After the COP26, global consensus is to increase the use of green energy with expectation that use of green energy could lessen the severity of environmental disaster and ultimately reach Net Zero. This should increase the government investment in green energy infrastructure such as USA's Build Back Better plan, India's "Gati Shakti" and China's energy policy, and bring tremendous development opportunity to green energy sector. URE has always been aggressive in the international solar market; URE is expected to expand solar system business internationally.
- 3.2.Many International company already set Net Zero target, as RE100 and clean energy regulations by various government on the way, URE is expected to increase company's investment in solar power and ESS. URE will aggressively work with our clients to total provide solution for renewable energy generation and storage, and achieve the target set by government of renewable energy to total energy generated ratio of 20% by 2025.
- 3.3.The Council of Agriculture issue working guideline regarding agricultural land alternation, which limited large utility scale project development.
- 3.4. Taiwan government promote carbon reduction and increase in renewable energy, the green energy industry is one of the "5+2" innovative industries plan and 20GW PV installed target still on track for 2025, URE will aggressively develop and construct solar system business in order to achieve target set by government.

- 3.5.URE will continue to diversify and expand system investment to gain global market share in response to the trade war, it is expect to low the risk of international trade dispute.
- 3.6.Many countries have reach grid parity, the outlook for solar industry are optimistic. URE implement strategic transformation to compete in the global market, URE will also maintain competitive advantage in terms of cost and R&D, URE will continue to achieve the annual target in terms of business plan.
- 3.7.URE keep close watch on the foreign exchange risk control as our products tend to export to overseas market, URE monitor foreign exchange fluctuation and utilize hedge instrument to lower the risk of foreign exchange fluctuation.
- 3.8.URE will focus on strength module brand and increase solar system business, and hope to integrate the green energy supply chain to provide more added values, at same time regain profitability and growth for our shareholders.

Chairman Dr. Hong

United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd.

Audit Committee's Review Report

The Board of Directors has prepared the Company's 2021 Business Report,

Financial Statements, and loss offsetting list. The CPA firm of KPMG Taiwan was

retained to audit URE's Financial Statements and has issued an audit report relating

to the Financial Statements. The Business Report, Financial Statements, and loss

offsetting list have been reviewed and determined to be correct and accurate by the

Audit Committee members of United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd.. According to

Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company

Law, we hereby submit this report.

The Audit Committee of United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd

Chairman: Independent Director Tsai, Ming-Fang

March 11, 2022

Processing situation of 2018 private placement of common shares

Item	Private placement of common shares of 2018				
Type of private placement sexurity	Common shares				
The date and amount approved by Shareholdings' Meeting		The total amount of private placement of common share approved by Extraordinary Shareholdings' Meeting of March.28, 2018 is within 380 million shares.			
The criteria and the reasonableness for determination of the price.	 According to "Directions for Public Companies Conducting Private Placements of Securities", the reference price shall be the higher of the following two calculations: The simple average closing price of the common shares of the TWSE listed or TPEx listed company for either the 1, 3, or 5 business days before the price determination date, after adjustment for any distribution of stock dividends, cash dividends or capital reduction. b.The simple average closing price of the common shares of the TWSE listed 				
The method for selecting the specific persons		rticle 43-6 of the Securities			
In the reasons for the necessity for conducting the private placement	Comparing to public offering, private placement of common stock can ensure the mobility and the timeliness of raising fund, and also reduce the cost of funding.				
The date of the price has been paid up in full	Š				
	Placee	Qualification	Shares	Relationship with the company	
Placee	National Development Fund, Executive Yuan Delegate: Chiou Yih-Peng	Article 43-6, paragraph 1, subparagraph 2 of the Securities and Exchange Act	167,145,851	NA	
	United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd Delegate: Chou Chung-Pin	Article 43-6, paragraph 1, subparagraph 2 of the Securities and Exchange Act	167,145,851	NA	
The actual private placement price	NT\$8.32 per share.				
The discrepancy between actual private price and reference price	The actual private p NT\$10.4.	lacement price NT\$8.32 i	s 80% of the	reference price	
Any effect of the private placement on shareholder equity	The Securities and Exchange Act regulates the qualification of placee, 3-year limit of transference, so there is certain protection on shareholder equity.				
	To enrich working capital and refund the short-term loan. As of Dec. 31, 2021, the NTD\$2,147,999 thousand from private placement has been utilized.				
The realization of plan benefits		se, it would improve the oment, and benefit to the sha			

United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd. The status of sound business plan

In Million of New Taiwan Dollars

Quarter		ourth quarter of 2021 Fourth quarter of 2021 (Actual number) difference						Description
Account Names	Amount	%	Amount	%	%	•		
Operating Revenue	3,606	100.0	4,124	100.0	14.4	Mainly due to the increase in domestic demand market		
Operating Costs	3,430	95.1	3,833	92.9	11.7	_		
Gross Profit (or Loss)	176	4.9	291	7.1		Mainly due to the increase in demand and rise in selling price, resulting in higher gross profit		
Operating Expenses	318	8.8	361	8.8	13.8	Mainly due to the rise in shipping prices and the increase in freight and miscellaneous charges.		
Other Income and Expenses	0	0.0	(103)	(2.5)	0.00	Mainly due to recognize the impairment of overseas power plant assets		
Profit (or Loss) from Operations	(141)	(3.9)	(173)	(4.2)	(22.1)	_		
Non-Operating Income and Expenses	12	0.3	(286)	(6.9)	(2,479.4)	Mainly due to loss on disposal of idle assets		
Net loss attributable to Shareholders of the parent	(129)	(3.6)	(440)	(10.7)	(240.1)	_		

Quarter	threeth qua (Estin	rter of 2021 mate)	threeth of 20 (Actual n	21	difference	Description
Names	Amount	%	Amount	%	%	
Operating Revenue	3,913	100.0	3,504	100.0	(10.5)	Due to wafer shortage, lower utilization rate, resulted in lower sales volume
Operating Costs	3,671	93.8	3,289	93.9	(10.4)	-
Gross Profit (or Loss)	242	6.2	215	6.1	(11.4)	Mainly due to materials shortage, resulted in lower utilization rate and lower gross profit.
Operating Expenses	335	8.6	277	7.9	(17.3)	Due to the recovery of overdue accounts and a decrease in salary expense.
Profit (or Loss) from Operations	(92)	(2.4)	(62)	(1.8)	32.8	_
Non-Operating Income and Expenses	(35)	(0.9)	(40)	(1.1)	13.5	_
Net loss attributable to Shareholders of the parent	(127)	(3.3)	(91)	(2.6)	28.7	_

Quarter	second quar (Estir		second quarter of 2021 (Actual number)		of 2021 of 2021 d		difference	Description
Names	Amount	%	Amount	%	%			
Operating Revenue	3,887	100.0	3,670	100.0	(5.6)	_		
Operating Costs	3,896	100.2	3,400	92.6	(12.7)	_		
Gross Profit (or Loss)	(9)	(0.2)	270	7.4	(3,257.1)	Margin improved due to shipment of low cost inventory		
Operating Expenses	337	8.7	395	10.8	1/3	Provision for loss on doubtful accounts receivable		
Profit (or Loss) from Operations	(345)	(8.9)	(125)	(3.4)	63.7	_		
Non-Operating Income and Expenses	(4)	(0.1)	(104)	(2.8)	2,473.5	Mainly due to the increase in interest expense and the increase in loss on disposal of investments		
Net loss attributable to Shareholders of the parent	(349)	(9.0)	(225)	(6.1)	35.7	_		

Quarter	first q of 2021 (uarter Estimate)	first qua of 202 (Actual nu	21	difference	Description
Names	Amount	%	Amount	%	%	
Operating Revenue	8,608	100.0	3,005	100.0		Sales volume decrease due to lower production volume as result of changes in production site. As well as lower shipment due to increase in cost and financial risk
Operating Costs	8,227	95.6	3,052	101.6	63	-
Gross Profit (or Loss))	381	4.4	(47)	(1.6)	(112)	Decrease in sales volume
Operating Expenses	489	5.7	414	13.8	15	Decrease in employment expenses and transportation expenses
Profit (or Loss) from Operations	(109)	(1.3)	(461)	(15.3)	(324)	_
Non-Operating Income and Expenses	(141)	(1.6)	(90)	(3.0)	36	Decrease in interest expense and increase in lease income
Net loss attributable to Shareholders of the parent	(249)	(2.9)	(533)	(17.7)	(114)	_

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd.:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd.("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in Republic of China ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Based on our judgment, the key audit matters that should be disclosed in this audit report are as follows:

1. Revenue recognition

Please refer to note 4 (p) "Revenue recognition" for accounting policy and note 6 (x) "Revenue from contracts with customers" of the parent company only financial statements for further information.

Description of key audit matter:

The Company's revenues are derived from the sales of solar modules and cells. Revenue recognition is also dependent on whether the specified sales terms in each individual contract are met. In consideration of the high volume of sales transactions, revenue recognition is one of the key areas our audit focused on.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our principal audit procedures included: understanding of revenue recognition policies and assessing whether revenue recognition policies are appropriate based on sales terms and revenue recognition criteria; understanding the design and process of implementation of internal controls and testing operating effectiveness; testing selected sales samples and agreeing to customer orders, delivery note and related documentation supporting sales recognition; testing sales cut-off, on a sample basis, for transactions incurred within a certain period before or after the balance sheet date by reviewing related sales terms, inspecting delivery documents, and other related supporting document to evaluate whether the revenue was recorded in proper period.

2. Assessment of impairment of non-financial assets

Please refer to note 4 (n) "Impairment of non-financial assets" for accounting policy and note 5 "assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty for impairment of non-financial assets" of the parent company only financial statements for further information.

Description of key audit matter:

The Company belongs to a high capital expenditure industry, and its production capacity relies on the customer needs. However, in an environment where market changes rapidly, product prices volatile highly. Therefore, the assessment of long-term non-financial asset impairment is important. The process of asset impairment assessment relies on the subjective judgment of the management. It is an accounting estimate with a high degree of uncertainty. Therefore, the assessment of impairment of non-financial assets is one of the key areas our audit focused on.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our principal audit procedures included: assessing the cash-generating units recognized by the management that might have internal and external signs of impairment, and considering whether all assets that required annual impairment tests have been fully included in the assessment scope; evaluating whether the evaluation method used by the management to measure the recoverable amount of each cash-generating unit complies with the International Financial Reporting Standards, and reviewing its related calculations and various assumptions used, as well as conducting sensitivity analysis on important assumptions.

3. Investment accounted for using the equity method

Please refer to note 4 (i) "Investment in subsidiaries" for accounting policy and note 6 (g) "Investment accounted for using the equity method" of the parent company only financial statements for further information.

Description of key audit matter:

The Company invests in the construction of power plants via its subsidiaries, accounted for using the equity method. The assessment of impairment of the subsidiaries' property, plant and equipment, and the evaluation of the power plants under construction are affected by the market environment and government policies, resulting in uncertainties in the recoverability of its non-financial assets. Therefore, the investment accounted for using the equity method is one of the key areas our audit focused on.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our principal audit procedures included: assessing the policies of investments accounted for using the equity method whether they comply with the government regulations; planning and performing the necessary audit procedures in accordance with the regulations of Taiwan Auditing Standards to recognize the investment gains and losses under the equity method.

In addition, regarding the evaluation of the power plant under construction, the audit procedures include:

- (a) Obtaining the comparative information of the total budget and actual accumulated expenditures of the projects currently under construction for the long-term equity investment, and understanding the completion progress of each power plant project and additional costs needed to be invested as of the reporting date.
- (b) Reviewing the net realizable value of the power plants under construction as assessed by the management, including whether the evaluation method used complies with the International Financial Reporting Standards; checking the calculation of the net realizable value of the power plants under construction by the management, and evaluating the source of the estimated sales price.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based

on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the investments accounted for using the equity method to express an opinion on these financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Cheng-Chien Chen and Yung-Hua Huang.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 18, 2022

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		December 31, 20	21	December 31, 2020	0	2120	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current (note				
	Assets	Amount	%	Amount %			6(b))	-	-	5,437	-
	Current assets:					2130	Contract liabilities - current (notes $6(x)$ and 7)	337,967	1	261,976	1
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a))	\$ 3,655,826	14	3,605,677	13	2170	Notes and accounts payable	1,077,242	4	1,164,553	4
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (note 6(b))	7,384	_	2,714 -	_	2180	Accounts payable to related parties (note 7)	136,307	1	166,180	1
1120	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	111,712	_	114,715 -		2280	Lease liability - current (note 6(p))	26,780	-	10,610	-
	income - current (note 6(c))	,		1,		2320	Current portion of long-term liabilities (note 6(n))	-	-	2,335,756	9
1170	Notes and accounts receivable, net (note 6(e))	1,564,893	6	1,815,386	7	2399	Other current liabilities (note 7)	1,775,571	7		5
1180	Accounts receivable from related parties (note 7)	400,842	2	155,970	1		Total current liabilities	3,353,867	13	7,856,487	29
1200	Other receivables	68,958	_	19,793 -	-		Non-Current liabilities:				
1210	Other receivables from related parties (note 6(d) and7)	298,908	1	403,188	1	2530	Bonds payable (note 6(o))	2,952,450	12	-	-
130X	Inventories (note 6(f))	1,211,447	5		6	2540	Long-term borrowings (note 6(n))	2,657,486	10	3,088,571	11
1410	Prepayments (notes 9)	704,222	3	319,866	1	2580	Lease liability - non-current (note 6(p))	252,628	1	258,841	1
1476	Other financial assets (note 8)	873,956	3	1,020,807	4	2650	Credit balance of investments accounted for using equity method (note $6(g)$)	995,054	4	1,279,873	5
1479	Other current assets	166,987	1	197,833	1	2670	Other non-current liabilities (notes 6(g) and (t))	236,757	1	258,907	1
	Total current assets	9,065,135	35	9,142,990	34		Total non-current liabilities	7,094,375	28	4,886,192	18
	Non-current assets:						Total liabilities	10,448,242	41	12,742,679	47
1510	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (notes	6,900	_		-		Equity (note 6(u))				
	6(b) and (o))					3110	Ordinary shares	16,278,140	64	26,650,863	99
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	333,791	1	249,676	1	3200	Capital surplus	999,749	4	7,877	-
	income - non-current (note 6(c))					3350	Accumulated deficit	(1,461,427)	(6)	(11,581,063)	(43)
1535	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current (note 6(d))	-	-	140,475	1	3400	Other equity	(667,163)	(3)	(802,046)	(3)
1550	Investments accounted for using the equity method (notes 6(g) and 7)	3,660,075	14	4,819,040	18	3500	Treasury shares	(18,699)		(18,699)	
1600	Property, plant and equipment (notes 6(i), 7 and 8)	4,288,600	17	4,439,234	16		Total equity	15,130,600	59	14,256,932	53
1755	Right-of-use assets (note 6(j))	201,636	1	192,327	1						
1760	Investment property (notes 6(k) and 8)	2,637,221	10	2,741,259	10						
1780	Intangible assets (note 6(l))	4,134	-	1,924 -	-						
1840	Deferred tax assets (note 6(t))	622,050	2	622,822	2						
1915	Prepayments - non-current (note 9)	1,920,057	8	1,942,715	7						
1920	Refundable deposits (note 8)	634,844	3	706,987	3		Total liabilities and equity	\$ 25,578,842	_100_	26,999,611	100
1942	Other receivables from related parties - non-current (note 7)	2,002,155	8	2,000,162	7		2000 Manuary	<u>* 20,010,012</u>			<u> </u>
1990	Other non-current assets (note 8)	202,244	1								
	Total non-current assets	16,513,707	65	17,856,621	<u>66</u>						
	Total assets	<u>\$ 25,578,842</u>	100	<u> 26,999,611</u> <u>10</u>	.00						
	<u> </u>	December 31, 2021	De	ecember 31, 2020	_						

%

9

Amount

2,320,002

Amount

Liabilities and Equity

Short-term borrowings (note 6(m))

Current liabilities:

Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

$(Expressed\ in\ Thousands\ of\ New\ Taiwan\ Dollars\ ,\ Except\ for\ Earnings\ Per\ Common\ Share)$

		2021		2020	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Net operating revenues (notes 6(x) and 7)	\$ 12,027,712	100	10,716,898	100
5110	Operating costs (notes 6(f), 7 and 12)	11,558,981	96	11,028,558	103
5900	Gross loss from operations	468,731	4	(311,660)	(3)
	Operating expenses (notes $6(e)(v)(y)$ and 12):				
6100	Selling expenses	352,317	3	321,263	3
6200	General and administrative expenses	647,413	5	775,609	7
6300	Research and development expenses	100,492	1	154,162	2
6450	Impairment loss (reversal of impairment loss) on trade receivable	(2,971)	-	(14,875)	
	Total operating expense	1,097,251	9	1,236,159	12
6500	Other income and expenses		-	(891,547)	(8)
	Loss from operations	(628,520)	(5)	(2,439,366)	(23)
	Non-operating income and expenses:				
7010	Other income (notes $6(r)(z)$ and 7)	284,075	2	311,704	3
7020	Other gains and losses (note $6(z)$)	(327,904)	(3)	(157,592)	(1)
7050	Finance costs (notes 6(o) and (p))	(215,220)	(2)	(349,226)	(3)
7060	Share of gain (loss) of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity method (note 6(g))	(402,473)	(3)	(3,517,700)	(33)
7100	Interest income	1,839	-	13,165	
		(659,683)	(6)	(3,699,649)	(34)
	Loss before income tax	(1,288,203)	(11)	(6,139,015)	(57)
7950	Less: income tax expense (note 6(t))		-		
8200	Net loss	(1,288,203)	(11)	(6,139,015)	(57)
8300	Other comprehensive income:				
8310	Items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
8316	Unrealized gain(loss) on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other	-1.110		107.711	
0220	comprehensive income	61,118	-	125,711	1
8330	Share of other comprehensive income(loss) of subsidiaries accounted for using equity method	-	-	(11,966)	-
8360	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	(50, 300)		(227.526)	(2)
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign statements	(58,399)	-	(327,526)	(3)
8380	Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries accounted for using equity method	(47,287)	-	(46,042)	
8300	Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(44,568)	-	(259,823)	(2)
	Total comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (1,332,771)</u>	(11)	(6,398,838)	<u>(59)</u>
0750	Loss per share	ф	(0, 0, t)		(4.00)
9750	Basic loss per share (NT dollars) (note 6(w))	<u>p</u>	(0.84)		<u>(4.08)</u>

Statements of Changes in Equity For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Share capital			Other equity Unrealized gains				
	Ordinary shares	Capital surplus	Accumulated deficits	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	(loss) on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Unearned employees benefits	Treasury shares	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 26,653,375	118,989	(6,000,644)	(296,106)	283,492	(18,414)	(18,699)	20,721,993
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2020	-	-	(6,139,015)	-	-	-	-	(6,139,015)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2020	-	-	-	(373,568)	113,745	-	-	(259,823)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2020	_	-	(6,139,015)	(373,568)	113,745		-	(6,398,838)
Other changes in capital surplus:								
Changes in capital surplus from investments in associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	-	7,819	-	-	-	-	-	7,819
Offset of deficit against capital surplus	-	(123,629)	123,629	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed	-	-	(84,834)	-	-	-	-	(84,834)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries	-	473	-	-	-	-	-	473
Compensation cost of restricted shares for employees	-	-	-	-	-	12,558	-	12,558
Distribution of restricted shares for employees	7,950	1,201	(1,591)	-	-	(7,560)	-	-
Cancellation of restricted shares for employees	(10,462)	1,429	-	-	-	6,000	-	(3,033)
Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	522,193	-	(522,193)	-	-	-
Adjustments to capital surplus and retained earnings for changes in subsidiaries equity		1,595	(801)	-	-		-	794
Balance at December 31, 2020	26,650,863	7,877	(11,581,063)	(669,674)	(124,956)	(7,416)	(18,699)	14,256,932
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2021	-	-	(1,288,203)	-	-	-	-	(1,288,203)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021		<u></u>	-	(105,686)	61,118		-	(44,568)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021			(1,288,203)	(105,686)	61,118		-	(1,332,771)
Other changes in capital surplus:								
Offset of deficit against capital surplus	-	(9,887)	9,887	-	-	-	-	-
Capital increase by cash	1,200,000	792,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,992,000
Capital reduction to offset accumulated deficits	(11,571,175)	-	11,571,175	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or disposed	-	(12)	-	-	-	-	-	(12)
Compensation cost of restricted shares for employees	-	-	-	-	-	4,621	-	4,621
Cancellation of restricted shares for employees	(1,548)	282	-	-	-	1,928	-	662
Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive			(150.000)		152 005			
income	-	-	(172,902)	-	172,902	-	-	-
Adjustments to capital surplus and retained earnings for changes in subsidiaries equity	-	3,291	(321)	-	-	-	-	2,970
Issuance of convertible bonds	-	177,366	-	-	-	-	-	177,366
Compensation cost of issuing shares	- 16 0F0 140	28,832	- (1.461.40=)	-	100.064	- (0.5	(10.600)	28,832
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 16,278,140	999,749	(1,461,427)	(775,360)	109,064	(867)	(18,699)	15,130,600

Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

$(Expressed\ in\ Thousands\ of\ New\ Taiwan\ Dollars)$

Cash flows from operating activities: Loss before income tax			2021	2020
Adjustments S25,388 1,315,807 Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss): 2,379 2,318,807 Expected credit (loss (gain) 1,679 2,310 Expected credit (loss (gain) 1,678 3,230 Finance cost 1,1879 3,422 Interest income (1,1879) 3,325 Dividends income (1,1879) (1,3165) Dividends income (1,1878) (3,3165) Compensation cost of restricted shares for employees 34,115 (10,826) Share of loss of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity method 40,273 3,517,700 Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment (8,60,808) (80,408) Gain on disposal of investment and equipment (8,70,100) 68,988 Impairment loss (receival gain) on prepayment (3,521) 116,788 Others (3,521) 1,167,88 Impairment loss (receival gain) on prepayment (3,521) 4,540 Others (2,12,148) 4,540 Changes in operating assets and liabilities (2,21,148) 4,640 Co		Ф	(1.200.202)	(6.120.015)
Dependence profit (loss)		\$	(1,288,203)	(6,139,015)
Depreciation expense				
Expected credit (ose (gain) 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875 1,4875			825,388	1,315,807
Net loss(gain) on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 16,879 349,226 Interest income				
Finance cost				
Interest income				
Dividends income				
Compensation cost of restricted shares for employees 34,115 10,826 Share of loss of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equiry method 40,273 3,517,700 Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment 108,620 (188,040) Cain on disposal of investments 891,547 191,547 Impairment loss (reversal gain) on prepayment 163,650 891,547 Impairment loss on financial assets 160,050 8,888 Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) 1,007,362 3,890,00 Others 235,600 (401,471) Other contract assets - current 235,600 (401,471) Motes and accounts receivables 235,600 (401,471) Other receivables from related parties 235,600 (401,471) Other receivables from related parties 379,975 624,694 Prepayments (including non-current) 406,195 99,577 Other current assets 30,988 345,012 Contract liabilities 150,300 183,333 Other current assets 30,988 345,012 Other receivables from related parties				
Share of loss of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity method 402,473 5,17,700 Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 6,88,000 88,000 88,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000 89,000				
Gain on disposal of investments \$8, 80,408 Impairment loss or property, plant and equipment \$16,365 Impairment loss (reversal gain) on prepayment \$16,365 Chers \$16,07302 \$8,898 Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) \$16,7302 \$8,988 Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) \$16,07302 \$8,988 Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) \$1,07302 \$8,988 Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) \$1,07302 \$1,07302 Notes and accounts receivable \$25,400 \$40,1747 Accounts receivable from related parties \$24,248 \$24,8106 Other receivables on related parties \$21,577 Accounts receivable from related parties \$21,577 Other current assets \$3,960 \$3,5017 Other current assets \$1,080 \$3,5018 Proparation \$1,080 \$1,080 \$3,5018 Other current assets \$1,080 \$3,5018 Other current assets \$1,080 \$3,5018 Other current idiabilities \$1,080 \$1,080 Other current idiabilities \$1,080 \$1,080 \$1,080 Other current idiabilities \$1,080 \$1,08	Share of loss of subsidiaries and associates accounted for using equity method			
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment 16,3521 16,788 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,368 16,				
Impairment loss (reversal gain) on prepayment 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,3650 16,365			(83)	
Impairment loss on financial assets of Orbers of Charges in operating assets and liabilities: Contract assets - current Contract liabilities Contract l			(3.521)	
Orlines (87,010) 68,888 Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) 1,607,362 5,892,036 Changes in operating assets and liabilities 4,594,00 Contract assets - current 235,400 (401,147) Accounts receivable from related parties (242,848) 248,106 Other receivables (49,145) 276,824 Other receivables from related parties 379,975 67,824 Other current assets 30,968 345,012 Other current assets 30,968 345,012 Contract liabilities - current 75,991 9,567 Other current liabilities - current 183,333 313,133 Other current liabilities - current 183,333 313,139 Provisions 10f1d changes in operating assets and liabilities 376,182 1,785,284 Cash inflow generated from (used in) operating activities 376,182 1,883,303 Cash inflow generated from (used in) operating activities 272,098 248,840 Act solve from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 277,098 248,840 Pr				-
Contract assets - current 25,400 401,477 Accounts receivable 264,848 248,100 Contract current 242,848 248,100 Contract current 242,848 248,100 Contract current 275,636 217,575 Inventory 379,975 624,694 Prepayments (including non-current) 260,4694 Prepayments (including non-current) 75,91 25,507 Contract liabilities - current 260,4694 Provisions 260,4694 260,4694 Provisions 260,4694 260,4694 Provisions 260,4694 260,4694 Provisions 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 Provisions 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 Contract liabilities - current 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 Provisions 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 Provisions 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,4694 260,46				68,988
Contract assets - current 45,940 Notes and accounts receivable from related parties 225,400 (40,147) Accounts receivable from related parties (49,145) 276,826 Other receivables from related parties 37,636 217,577 Inventory (406,196) 99,577 Other current assets 30,988 345,012 Contract liabilities - current 75,991 9,567 Notes and accounts payable (including related parties) (103,613) 95,058 Other current liabilities - current 75,991 9,567 Notes and accounts payable (including related parties) (103,613) 95,058 Other current liabilities - current 57,023 1,795,288 Cash inflow generated from (used in) operating assets and liabilities 57,023 1,795,288 Cash inflow generated from (used in) operating activities (122) 1,472 Cash linflow from investing activities (212) 1,472 Cash linflow from investing activities (212) 1,472 Cash from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (27,098) 4,88,40			1,607,362	5,892,036
Notes and accounts receivable of metaleted parties 242,848 248,106 Other receivables of Other receivables of Other receivables of Other receivables of S7,636 217,577 Other receivables from related parties 57,636 217,577 Inventory 379,975 624,694 Prepayments (including non-current) 30,968 345,012 Other current assets 30,968 345,012 Contract liabilities - current 75,991 9,567 Notes and accounts payable (including related parties) (104,878) (78,489) Provisions (104,878) (78,489) Provisions 103,613 95,567 Other current liabilities 83,733 313,139 Cash inflow generated from (used in) operating assets and liabilities 37,023 1,795,288 Cash inflow generated from (used in) operating activities 376,060 1,548,309 Income taxes received (paid) 1,622 1,472 Cash Inflow generated from (used in) operating activities 4(122) 1,472 Cash Illustria (asset at fair value through other comprehensive income (27,098) (48,840) Proceeds				
Accounts receivables from related parties (49,145) 276,824 Other receivables from related parties (57,636) 217,577 Inventory 379,956 217,577 Other current assets 330,968 345,012 Contract liabilities - current 75,991 9,567 Notes and accounts payable (including related parties) (104,878) (78,459) Notes and accounts payable (including related parties) (104,878) (78,459) Other current liabilities 183,733 313,139 Other current liabilities or operating assets and liabilities 57,023 1,795,288 Cash inflow generated from (used in) operations 376,182 1,548,309 Income taxes received (paid) (122) 1,472 Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 27,098 (48,840) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 2,214,455 6,614 6,70 Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 4,620 6,70 Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income <			225 400	
Other receivables (49,145) 276,824 Other receivables from related parties 57,636 217,577 Inventory 379,975 624,694 Prepayments (including non-current) 30,968 345,012 Contract liabilities - current 75,991 9,567 Notes and accounts payable (including related parties) (103,613) 90,587 Provisions (103,613) 95,058 Other current liabilities 183,733 313,133 Total changes in operating assets and liabilities 183,733 313,133 Income taxes received (paid) 7122 1,472 Net cash flows generated from (used in) operating activities 376,080 1,548,309 Requisition of linancial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 27,098 (48,840) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 6,614 6,470 Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 1,614 6,470 Proceeds from disposal of associates 198,382 1816,622 Proceeds from disposal of associates 198,382 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
Other receivables from related parties 57,636 217,577 Inventory 379,975 624,664 Prepayments (including non-current) (406,196) 99,577 Other current assets 30,968 345,012 Contract liabilities - current 75,991 9,567 Notes and accounts payable (including related parties) (104,878) 78,459 Provisions (103,613) 95,058 Other current liabilities 183,733 31,313 Cash inflow generated from (used in) operations 183,733 31,313 Income taxes received (paid) 122 1,472 Net cash flows generated from (used in) operating activities 376,080 1,549,781 Cash flows from investing activities 376,080 1,549,781 Cash flows from investing activities (27,098) (48,840) Proceeds from disposal of linancial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (27,098) (48,840) Proceeds from capital reduction of innacial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (27,098) (48,840) Proceeds from capital reduction of innacial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income<				,
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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd.:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries ("the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), International Accounting Standards ("IFRIS"), International Governing Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC") or Standing Interpretations Committee ("SIC") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in Republic of China ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Based on our judgment, the key audit matters that should be disclosed in this audit report are as follows.

1. Revenue recognition

Please refer to note 4 (r) "Revenue recognition" for accounting policy and note 6 (aa) "Revenue from contracts with customers" of the consolidated financial statements for further information.

Description of key audit matter:

The Group's revenues are derived from the sales of solar modules, power plant and cells. Revenue recognition is also dependent on whether the specified sales terms in each individual contract are met. In consideration of the high volume of sales transactions generated from world-wide operations, revenue recognition is one of the key areas our audit focused on.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our principal audit procedures included: understanding of revenue recognition policies and assessing whether revenue recognition policies are appropriate based on sales terms and revenue recognition criteria; understanding the design and process of implementation of internal controls and testing operating effectiveness; testing selected sales samples and agreeing to customer orders, delivery note and related documentation supporting sales recognition; testing sales cut-off, on a sample basis, for transactions incurred within a certain period before or after the balance sheet date by reviewing related sales terms, inspecting delivery documents, and other related supporting document to evaluate whether the revenue was recorded in proper period.

2. The valuation of power plants under construction

Please refer to note 4 (h) "Inventory" for accounting policy and note 5 "assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty for valuation of power plants under construction" of the consolidated financial statements for further information.

Description of key audit matter:

The Group developed its power plants under construction and sold them to earn profits. Therefore, the project revenue of the power plants under construction and the estimated marketable price are deemed essential by the Group, the valuation of power plants under construction is one of the key areas our audit focused on.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our principal audit procedures included: obtaining the comparative information of the total budget and actual accumulated expenditures of the projects currently under construction for the long-term equity investment and understanding the completion progress of each power plant project and additional costs needed to be invested as of the reporting date; reviewing the net realizable value of the power plants under construction as assessed by the management, including whether the evaluation method used complies with the International Financial Reporting Standards; checking the calculation of the net realizable value of the power plants under construction by the management, and evaluating the source of the estimated sales price.

3. Assessment of impairment of non-financial assets

Please refer to note 4 (p) "Impairment of non-financial assets" for accounting policy and note 5 "assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty for impairment of non-financial assets" of the consolidated financial statements for further information.

Description of key audit matter:

The Group belongs to a high capital expenditure industry, and its production capacity relies on the customer needs. However, in an environment where market changes rapidly, product prices volatile highly. Therefore, the assessment of long-term non-financial asset impairment is important. The process of asset impairment assessment relies on the subjective judgment of the management. It is an accounting estimate with a high degree of uncertainty. Therefore, the assessment of impairment of non-financial assets is one of the key areas our audit focused on.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our principal audit procedures included: assessing the cash-generating units recognized by the management that might have internal and external signs of impairment, and considering whether all assets that required annual impairment tests have been fully included in the assessment scope; evaluating whether the evaluation method used by the management to measure the recoverable amount of each cash-generating unit complies with the International Financial Reporting Standards, and reviewing its related calculations and various assumptions used, as well as conducting sensitivity analysis on important assumptions.

Other Matter

United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd. has additionally prepared its parent-company-only financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, on which we have issued an unqualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs, IASs, interpretation developed by IFRIC or SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Cheng-Chien Chen and Yung-Hua Huang.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China) March 18, 2022

Consolidated Balance Sheets

December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	_	December 31, 2	021	December 31, 20	020		December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
	Assets	Amount	%	Amount	%	Liabilities and Equity	Amount %	Amount %
	Current assets:					Current liabilities:		
1100	Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a))	\$ 5,254,173	17	4,954,658	152100	Short-term borrowings (note 6(n))	\$ 50,389 -	2,320,002 7
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (note 6(b))	74,255	-	2,714	- 2110	Short-term bills payable (note 6(o))	221,253	1 174,810 1
1120	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current (note $6(c)$)	111,712	-	114,715	- 2120 2130	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current (note 6(b)) Contract liabilities - current (notes 6(aa) and 7)		5,437 - 2 348,911 1
1140	Contract assets - current (notes 6(aa) and 7)	215,187	1	175,041	12170	Notes and accounts payable	1,355,764	4 1,336,177 4
1170	Notes and accounts receivable, net (note 6(e))	1,871,520	6	2,078,846	62260	Liabilities related to non-current assets held for sale (note 6(g))	1,607,188	5
1180	Accounts receivable from related parties (notes 6(e) and 7)	225,389	1	206,901	12280	Lease liability - current (note 6(s))	59,058 -	50,913 -
1200	Other receivables	141,706	-	174,376	12320	Current portion of long-term borrowings and preference share liabilities	2,446,656	8 5,381,804 17
1210	Other receivables from related parties (note 7)	407,956	1	785,448	2	(notes $6(p)$ and (r))		
130X	Inventories (notes 6(f) and 8)	2,653,595	9	3,517,082	112399	Other current liabilities (note 6(t) and 7)	1,727,778	6 1,626,370 5
1410	Prepayments (notes 7 and 9)	1,149,948	4	737,746	2	Total current liabilities	7,976,676 2	6 11,244,424 35
1460	Non-current assets held for sale (notes 6(g) and 8)	2,145,372	7	-	-	Non-Current liabilities:		
1476	Other financial assets (notes 8)	924,036	3	1,107,101	32500	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (notes	49,896 -	99,741 -
1479	Other current assets	211,531	1	246,734	1	6(b) and (p))		
	Total current assets	15,386,380	50	14,101,362	<u>43</u> 2530	Total bonds payable (note 6(q))	2,952,450 1	0
	Non-current assets:				2540	Long-term borrowings (note 6(p))	3,525,712 1	1 5,115,671 16
1510	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (notes 6(b), (q)	97,096	-	182,058	12580	Lease liability - non-current (note 6(s))	560,061	2 605,021 2
	and (r))				2635	Preference share liabilities - non-current (note 6(r))	4,377 -	13,219 -
1517	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	333,791	1	276,774	12670	Other non-current liabilities (note 6(t))	313,704	1 358,511 1
	(notes 6(c) and 8)					Total non-current liabilities	7,406,200 2	4 6,192,163 19
1535	Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current (note 6(d))	-	-	140,475	-	Total liabilities	15,382,876 5	0 17,436,587 54
1550	Investments accounted for using the equity method (notes 6(h) and 7)	211,473	1	176,322	1	Equity attributable to owners of parent (notes $6(x)$ and (y))		
1600	Property, plant and equipment (notes 6(j), 7 and 8)	8,213,695	26	10,450,989	323110	Ordinary shares	16,278,140 5	2 26,650,863 82
1755	Right-of-use assets (note 6(k))	431,008	2	568,497	23200	Capital surplus	999,749	3 7,877 -
1760	Investment property, net (note 6(1) and 8)	2,844,125	9	2,741,260	83350	Accumulated deficit	(1,461,427) (5	(11,581,063) (36)
1780	Intangible assets (note 6(m))	4,803	-	70,317	_ 3400	Other equity	(667,163) (2	(802,046) (2)
1840	Deferred tax assets (note 6(w))	629,448	2	639,924	23500	Treasury shares	(18,699) -	(18,699) -
1915	Prepayments - non-current (notes 9)	1,934,036	6	1,979,465	6	Total equity attributable to owners of parent	15,130,600 4	8 14,256,932 44
1920	Refundable deposits (note 8)	654,938	2	732,696	236XX	Non-controlling interests	701,780	2 767,182 2
1942	Other receivables from related parties - non-current (note 7)	21,255	-	21,581	-	Total equity	15,832,380 5	0 15,024,114 46
1990	Other non-current assets (note 8)	453,208	1	378,981	2			
	Total non-current assets	15,828,876	50	18,359,339	57			
	Total assets	\$ 31,215,256	<u>100</u>	32,460,701	<u>100</u>	Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 31,215,256 10</u>	0 32,460,701 100

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings Per Common Share)

		2021		2020	
		Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Net operating revenues (notes 6(aa) and 7)	\$ 14,302,408	100	12,511,034	100
5110	Operating costs (notes $6(f)(s)(v)$, 7 and 12)	13,573,589	95	13,387,510	107
5900	Gross gain (loss) from operations	728,819	5	(876,476)	(7)
	Operating expenses (notes $6(e)(s)(v)$ and 12):				
6100	Selling expenses	465,493	3	514,828	4
6200	General and administrative expenses	836,757	6	1,090,358	9
6300	Research and development expenses	101,435	1	176,893	1
6450	Impairment loss (reversal of impairment loss) on trade receivable	43,283	-	(22,405)	
	Total operating expense	1,446,968	10	1,759,674	14
6500	Other income and expenses	(102,597)	(1)	(1,978,107)	(16)
	Loss from operations	(820,746)	(6)	(4,614,257)	(37)
	Non-operating income and expenses:				
7010	Other income (notes 6(ac) and 7)	288,158	2	347,489	3
7020	Other gains and losses (notes 6(g)(h) and (ac))	(407,284)	(3)	(802,967)	(7)
7050	Finance costs (note $6(q)(r)$)	(390,719)	(2)	(651,941)	(5)
7060	Share of gain (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method (note 6(h))	(15,628)	-	(31,686)	-
7100	Interest income	5,434	-	17,930	
		(520,039)	(3)	(1,121,175)	(9)
	Loss before income tax	(1,340,785)	(9)	(5,735,432)	(46)
7950	Less: income tax expense (note $6(w)$)	802	-	426,875	3
8200	Net loss	(1,341,587)	(9)	(6,162,307)	(49)
8300	Other comprehensive income:				
8310	Items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
8316	Unrealized gain (loss) on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	61,118	-	113,745	1
8360	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign statements	(116,017)	-	(422,528)	(4)
8300	Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(54,899)	-	(308,783)	(3)
	Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (1,396,486)	(9)	(6,471,090)	(52)
	Net loss attributable to:				
	Shareholders of the parent	\$ (1,288,203)	(9)	(6,139,015)	(49)
	Non-controlling interests	(53,384)	-	(23,292)	
		\$ (1,341,587)	(9)	(6,162,307)	(49)
	Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:				
	Shareholders of the parent	\$ (1,332,771)	(9)	(6,398,838)	(51)
	Non-controlling interests	(63,715)	-	(72,252)	(1)
		\$ (1,396,486)	(9)	(6,471,090)	(52)
	Loss per share				
9750	Basic loss per share (NT dollars) (note 6(z))	<u>\$</u>	(0.84)		(4.08)
			·		

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Attributable to ov	vners of parent					
					Other equity					
			-		Unrealized					
				Exchange	gains (loss) on					
				differences on	financial assets					
								TD 4 1		
	G1 1 1			translation of	at fair value			Total equity		
	Share capital			foreign	through other	Unearned		attributable to		
	Ordinary		Accumulated	financial	comprehensive	employees	Treasury	owners of	Non-controll	
	shares	Capital surplus	deficits	statements	income	benefits	shares	parent	ing interest	Total equity
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$ 26,653,375	118,989	(6,000,644)	(296,106)	283,492	(18,414)	(18,699)	20,721,993	762,242	21,484,235
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2020	-	-	(6,139,015)	_	-	-	-	(6,139,015)	(23,292)	(6,162,307)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2020	-	-	-	(373,568)	113,745	-	-	(259,823)	(48,960)	(308,783)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2020	-	-	(6,139,015)	(373,568)	113,745	-	-	(6,398,838)	(72,252)	(6,471,090)
Other changes in capital surplus:					•					<u> </u>
Changes in capital surplus from investments in associates and joint ventures	_	7,819	_	_	_	_	_	7,819	_	7,819
accounted for using the equity method		.,						.,		.,
Offset of deficit against capital surplus	_	(123,629)	123,629	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or	_	(123,02)	(84,834)	_	_	_	_	(84,834)	84,834	_
disposed			(04,034)					(04,034)	04,034	
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries		473						473	(473)	
Non-controlling interests	-	473	_	_	_	_	_	473	(7,970)	(7,970)
Distribution of restricted shares for employees	7.950	1.201	(1,591)	-	-	(7,560)	-	-	(7,970)	(7,970)
Cancellation of restricted shares for employees	. ,	, -	(1,391)	-	-	. , ,	-	(2.022)	-	(2.022)
Discord of restricted shares for employees	(10,462)	1,429	522 102	-	(522, 102)	6,000	-	(3,033)	-	(3,033)
Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other	-	-	522,193	-	(522,193)	-	-	-	-	-
comprehensive income		1.505	(001)					704	001	1.505
Difference between the price that has not been increased in proportion to shareholding	-	1,595	(801)	-	-	-	-	794	801	1,595
and net value						10.550		10.550		12.550
Compensation cost of restricted shares for employees	-	-	- (11 = 01 0 = 0)	- (***	- (101070	12,558	- (10.100)	12,558	-	12,558
Balance at December 31, 2020	26,650,863	7,877	(11,581,063)	(669,674)	(124,956)	(7,416)	(18,699)	14,256,932	767,182	15,024,114
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2021	-	-	(1,288,203)	-	-	-	-	(1,288,203)	(53,384)	(1,341,587)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021	-	-	-	(105,686)	61,118	-	-	(44,568)	(10,331)	(54,899)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021	-	-	(1,288,203)	(105,686)	61,118	-	-	(1,332,771)	(63,715)	(1,396,486)
Other changes in capital surplus:										
Offset of deficit against capital surplus	-	(9,887)	9,887	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issue of shares	1,200,000	792,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,992,000	-	1,992,000
Capital reduction to offset accumulated deficits	(11,571,175)	-	11,571,175	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between consideration and carrying amount of subsidiaries acquired or	-	(12)	-	-	-	-	-	(12)	12	-
disposed										
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,048)	(2,048)
Compensation cost of restricted shares for employees	-	-	-	-	-	4,621	-	4,621	-	4,621
Cancellation of restricted shares for employees	(1,548)	282	-	-	-	1,928	-	662	-	662
Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other										
comprehensive income	-	-	(172,902)	-	172,902	_	_	-	-	-
Difference between the price that has not been increased in proportion to shareholding	-	3,291	(321)	_	, -	-	_	2,970	349	3,319
and net value		- ,	()					<i>y-</i> , <i>-</i>		- 7-
Issuance of convertible bonds	-	177,366	-	_	-	-	_	177,366	_	177,366
Compensation cost of issuing shares	_	28,832	_	_	_	_	_	28,832	_	28,832
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$ 16,278,140	999,749	(1.461.427)	(775,360)	109.064	(867)	(18.699)	15.130.600	701,780	15.832,380

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

$(Expressed\ in\ Thousands\ of\ New\ Taiwan\ Dollars)$

	2021	2	2020
Cash flows from operating activities:	_		
Loss before income tax	\$	(1,340,785)	(5,735,432)
Adjustments: Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):			
Depreciation expense		1,197,448	2,058,233
Amortization expense		4,808	8,900
Expected credit loss (gain)		72,459	(22,405)
Net (gain) loss on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(35,473)	5,508
Finance cost		315,215	651,941
Interest income		(5,434)	(17,930)
Dividends income Compensation cost of restricted shares for employees	2	(14,178) 4,115	(89,028) 10,826
Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	3	15,628	31,686
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment and power facilities business held for sale		108,823	598,885
Loss (gain) on disposal of investments		88,312	(204,861)
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment		102,597	1,977,516
Impairment loss on intangible assets		-	591
Impairment loss on prepayment		-	116,788
Impairment loss on financial assets		163,650	-
Reversal of provisions Others		(130,985)	451 470
Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)	-	(168,656) 1,748,329	451,479 5,578,129
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		1,740,327	3,376,127
Contract assets - current		(40,146)	308,206
Notes and accounts receivable		85,133	(49,122)
Accounts receivable from related parties		(16,446)	312,647
Other receivables		80,996	83,252
Other receivables from related parties		33,159	352,681
Inventory		739,094	801,045
Prepayments (including non-current) Other current assets		(443,098)	94,512
Contract liabilities - current		31,516 157,755	419,515 25,079
Notes and accounts payable (including related parties)		31,894	(148,907)
Provisions		31,907	88,784
Other current liabilities		245,627	113,888
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities		937,391	2,401,580
Cash inflow generated from (used in) operations		1,344,935	2,244,277
Income taxes paid	-	(9,268)	(25,660)
Net cash flows generated from (used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities:		1,335,667	2,218,617
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(27,098)	2.241.455
Proceeds from capital reduction of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		6,614	6,470
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method		(60,000)	(30,000)
Proceeds from disposal of associates		341,827	1,873,903
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries		549,456	247,957
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(681,490)	(254,697)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment and power facilities business held for sale		3,213	1,132,792
Decrease in refundable deposits Acquisition of intangible assets	0	6,342	157,224
Increase in other financial assets		(3,889) (223,967)	(504,920)
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets		38,994	(10,839)
Interest received		7,432	13,300
Dividends received		14,924	95,577
Net cash flows generated from investing activities		32,358	4,968,222
Cash flows from financing activities:		(2.2.1.2.1.0.2)	(400 = 40)
Decrease in short-term loans	4	(2,247,103)	(422,748)
Increase (decrease) in short-term bills payable	4	6,400 3,120,780	(241,200)
Proceeds from issuing bonds Proceeds from long-term borrowings		4,961,736	1,768,160
Repayments of long-term borrowings		(8,412,911)	(8,703,728)
Repayments of preference share liabilities		(16,903)	(17,978)
Payment of lease liabilities	(73	3,896)	(80,518)
Proceeds from issuance of ordinary shares		1,992,000	-
Interest paid		(322,026)	(596,186)
Others	-	1,581	54,732
Net cash used in financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes		(950,342) (115,717)	(8,239,466)
Effect of exchange rate changes Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(115,717) 301,966	(364,031) (1,416,658)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		4,954,658	6,371,316
Cash and cash equivalents at obeginning of period	\$	5.256.624	4,954,658
The components of cash and cash equivalents			
Cash and equivalents listed on consolidated balance sheets	\$	5,254,173	4,954,658
Cash and equivalents related to non-current assets held for sale	ф.	2,451	4 0 = 4 < = 0
Cash and equivalents at end of period	<u> </u>	5,256,624	4,954,658

United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd.

Appropriation of Loss Statement Year 2021

Unit: NT\$

Itom	Amount				
Item	Total	Grand Total			
Initial cumulative undistributed earnings		0			
Current period after-tax net loss	(1,288,203,311)				
Disposal of financial assets as fair value through other comprehensive income	(172,901,961)				
The difference between the price and net value of the capital increase in subsidiaries not in accordance with the shareholding ratio					
Amount to be compensated this year		(1,461,426,172)			
Current year compensation items					
Capital reserve	822,510,159				
Amount to be compensated after this year		(638,916,013)			

Note: Company's loss is compensated by capital reserve NT\$822,510,159. After compensation, the amount to be compensated is NT\$638,916,013.

United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd.

Articles of Incorporation Comparison Chart

	After the Posicion Explanations for the			
Item	After the Revision	Before the Revision	Revision	
Article. 2	The scope of business of the Corporation shall be: 1. CC01080 Electronic Parts and Components Manufacturing 2. CC01090 Batteries Manufacturing. 3. CC01010 Manufacture of Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution Machinery. 4.D101060 Self-usage power generation equipment utilizing renewable energy industry. 5. IG03010 Energy Technology Services. 6. E601010 Electrical Systems Business 7. F119010 Wholesale of Electronic Materials (Operation is restricted to be made outside Hsinchu Science Park) 8. F219010 Retail Sale of Electronic Materials(Operation is restricted to be made outside Hsinchu Science Park) 9. F401010 International Trade. Research & development, design, manufacture and sale of the following products: (1) Solar cells and related systems. (2) Solar power generation modules and wafers (3) Import and export trade business related to the	1. CC01080 Electronic Parts and Components Manufacturing 2. CC01090 Batteries Manufacturing. 3. CC01010 Manufacture of Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution Machinery. 4. IG03010 Energy Technology Services. 5. E601010 Electrical Systems Business 6. F119010 Wholesale of Electronic Materials (Operation is restricted to be made outside Hsinchu Science Park) 7. F219010 Retail Sale of Electronic Materials(Operation is restricted to be made outside Hsinchu Science Park) 8. F401010 International Trade. Research & development, design, manufacture and sale of the following products: (1) Solar cells and related systems. (2) Solar power generation modules and wafers (3) Import and export trade business related to the	In order to meet the company's future operation plan, add the business items in operation.	
Article. 10	Company's products. Shareholders' meetings of the Corporation are of two kinds, namely, general meetings and special meetings. General meetings shall be called by the Board of Directors, within six months after the end of each fiscal year. Special meetings may be called by the Board of Directors in accordance with law, if necessary. The Company's shareholders' meetings can be held by means of visual communication network or other methods promulgated by the Ministry of Economic Affairs.	Company's products. Shareholders' meetings of the Corporation are of two kinds, namely, general meetings and special meetings. General meetings shall be called by the Board of Directors, within six months after the end of each fiscal year. Special meetings may be called by the Board of Directors in accordance with law, if necessary.	The Company Act amends Article 172-2 of the Company Act, which provides that public companies may apply the provisions of the visual communication meeting of shareholders.	
Article. 36	This article was concluded on August 12, 2005. The first amendment was made on September 12, 2005. The 20th amendment was made on March 28, 2018. The amendments to No. 6 and No. 17 were effective on March 28, 2018. This amendment to No. 1 takes effect on the record date of merging the Company with Gintech Energy Corp. and Solartech Energy Corp The 21st amendment was made on June 17, 2019 The 22st amendment was made on June 22, 2020 The 23st amendment was made on June 24, 2022	This article was concluded on August 12, 2005. The first amendment was made on September 12, 2005. The 20 th amendment was made on March 28, 2018. The amendments to No. 6 and No. 17 were effective on March 28, 2018. This amendment to No. 1 takes effect on the record date of merging the Company with Gintech Energy Corp. and Solartech Energy Corp The 21 st amendment was made on June 17, 2019 The 22 st amendment was made on June 22, 2020	siarcholders.	

United Renewable Energy Co., Ltd.

Comparison Chart of Acquisition or Disposal of Assets Procedure

Article No.	After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanations for the Revision
Article 6	Professional appraisers and their officers,	Professional appraisers and their officers,	In compliance with
	certified public accounts, attorneys, and	certified public accounts, attorneys, and	the amendment to the
	securities underwriters that provide the company with appraisal reports, certified	securities underwriters that provide the company with appraisal reports, certified	Regulations
	public accountant's opinions, attorney's	public accountant's opinions, attorney's	Governing the
	opinions, or underwriter's opinions shall meet	opinions, or underwriter's opinions shall meet	Acquisition and
	the following requirements:	the following requirements:	Disposal of Assets by
	- \ It/He shall not have previously received a	- \ It/He shall not have previously received a	Public Companies.
	final and unappealable sentence to imprisonment for one year or longer for a	final and unappealable sentence to imprisonment for one year or longer for a	
	violation of the Securities and Exchange	violation of the Securities and Exchange	
	Act, the Company Act, the Banking Act,	Act, the Company Act, the Banking Act,	
	the Insurance Act, the Financial Holding	the Insurance Act, the Financial Holding	
	Company Act, or the Business Entity	Company Act, or the Business Entity	
	Accounting Act, or for fraud, breach of trust, embezzlement, forgery of	Accounting Act, or for fraud, breach of trust, embezzlement, forgery of	
	documents, or occupational crime;	documents, or occupational crime;	
	provided, however, that this provision	provided, however, that this provision	
	does not apply if three years have already	does not apply if three years have already	
	passed since the completion of the term	passed since the completion of the term of	
	of the imprisonment sentence, since expiration of the period of a probation, or	the imprisonment sentence, since expiration of the period of a probation, or	
	since it/he was pardoned.	since it/he was pardoned.	
	= \ It/He may not be a related party or de facto	∴ It/He may not be a related party or de facto	
	related party of any party to the ransaction.	related party of any party to the ransaction.	
	≡ \ If the Company is required to obtain	三、If the Company is required to obtain	
	appraisal reports from two or more	appraisal reports from two or more	
	professional appraisers, the different professional appraisers or appraisal	professional appraisers, the different professional appraisers or appraisal	
	officers may not be related parties or de	officers may not be related parties or de	
	facto related parties of each other.	facto related parties of each other.	
	When issuing an appraisal report or	When issuing an appraisal report or	
	opinion, the personnel referred to in the	opinion, the personnel referred to in the preceding paragraph shall comply with	
	preceding paragraph shall comply with the self-regulatory rules of the industry	and with the following provisions:	
	associations to which they belong and	and with the following provisions	
	with the following provisions:		
	(I)Prior to accepting a case, it/he shall	(I)Prior to accepting a case, it/he shall	
	prudently assess its/his own professional capabilities, practical	prudently assess its/his own professional capabilities, practical	
	experience, and independence.	experience, and independence.	
	(II)When <u>conducting</u> a case, it/he shall	(II)When a case, it/he shall appropriately	
	appropriately plan and execute	plan and execute adequate working	
	adequate working process, in order to	process, in order to produce a	
	produce a conclusion and use the conclusion as the basis for issuing the	conclusion and use the conclusion as the basis for issuing the report or	
	report or opinion. The relevant	opinion. The relevant working	
	working procedures, data collected,	procedures, data collected, and	
	and conclusion shall be fully and	conclusion shall be fully and	
	accurately specified in the working	accurately specified in the working	
	papers for the case. (II)It/He shall undertake an item-by-item	papers for the case. (II)It/He shall undertake an item-by-item	
	evaluation of the comprehensiveness,	evaluation of the comprehensiveness,	
	appropriate, and reasonableness of the	fully and accurately, reasonableness	
	sources of data, the parameters, and	of the sources of data, the parameters,	
	the information used, as the basis for	and the information used, as the basis	
	issuance of the appraisal report or the opinion.	for issuance of the appraisal report or	
	(IV)They shall issue a statement attesting	the opinion. (IV)They shall issue a statement attesting	
	to the professional competence and	to the professional competence and	
	independence of the personnel who	independence of the personnel who	
	prepared the report or opinion, and	prepared the report or opinion, and	
	that they have evaluated and found	that they have evaluated and found	
	that the information used is	that the information used is and	

Article No.	After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanations for the Revision
	appropriate and reasonable, and that they have complied with applicable laws and regulations.	reasonable, and that they have complied with applicable laws and regulations.	
Article 7	Disposition procedures for acquisition or disposal of real property ,equipment or its right-of-use asset.	Disposition procedures for acquisition or disposal of real property ,equipment or its right-of-use asset. \ Assessment and operating procedureomitted below. \(\mathbb{T}\) Appraisal reports for real property ,equipment or its right-of-use asset In acquiring or disposing of real property, equipment, or right-of-use assets thereof where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent of the company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the company, unless transaction gwith a domestic government agency, engaging others to build on its own land, engaging others to build on rented land, or acquiring or disposing of equipment or its right-of-use asset held for business use, shall obtain an appraisal report prior to the date of occurrence of the event from a professional appraiser and shall further comply with the following provisions: (I)Where due to special circumstances it is necessary to give a limited price, specified price, or special price as a reference basis for the transaction price, the transaction shall be submitted for approval in advance and the same shall apply to any subsequent changes, if any, to the terms and conditions of the transaction. (II)Where the transaction amount is NT\$1 billion or more, appraisals from two or more professional appraisers shall be obtained. (III)Where any one of the following circumstances applies with respect to the professional appraisal results for the assets to be acquired are higher than the transaction amount, or all the appraisal results for the assets to be disposed of are lower than the transaction amount, a certified public accountant shall be engaged to perform the appraisal in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ROC Accounting Research and Development Foundation (ARDF) and render a specific opinion regarding the reason for the discrepancy and the appropriateness of the transaction amount is 20 percent or more of the	In compliance with the amendment to the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies.
Article 8	transaction amountomitted below. Investment and disposition procedures for acquisition or disposal of securities	transaction amountomitted below. Investment and disposition procedures for acquisition or disposal of securities	In compliance with the amendment to the
	- Assessment and operating procedureomitted below. 四、Acquisition of opinion from professionals (I)In acquiring or disposing of securities,	- Assessment and operating procedureomitted below. 公 Acquisition of opinion from professionals (I)In acquiring or disposing of securities,	Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by

transaction reaches 20 percent of the company's paid-in capital or NT5300 million or more, the company shall engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the transaction price. This requirement does not apply, however, to publicly quoted prices of securities that have an active market, or where otherwise provided by regulations of the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC). Article 9 Article 9 Disposition procedure for transaction with a related party - When the company engages in any acquisition or disposal of assets from or to a related party, in addition to ensuring that the necessary resolutions are adopted and the reasonableness of the transaction amount reaches 10 percent or more of the company's shall also obtain an appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion in compliance with provisions in Article 7 of the disposition procedure for transaction amount reaches 10 percent or more of the company's shall also obtain an appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion in a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion in a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion has been obtained need to courrence of the event to provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the event to provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the event to provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the event to provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the event to provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the transaction an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the transaction and provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 publicly quoted prices of securities that have an active market, or where otherwise provided by regulations of the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)omitted below. Article 9 Disposition procedure for transaction with a related party in addition to ensuring that the necessary resolutions are adopted and the reasonableness of the		After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanations for the Revision
Article 9 Disposition procedure for transaction with a related party - When the company engages in any acquisition or disposal of assets from or to a related party, in addition to ensuring that the necessary resolutions are adopted and the reasonableness of the transaction terms is appraised, if the transaction amount reaches 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, the company shall also obtain an appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion in compliance with provisions in Article 7 of the disposition procedures for acquiring or disposing real property ,equipment or its right-of-use asset. The calculation of the transaction amounts shall be done in accordance with Article 14, paragraph 1 herein. Items for which an appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion has been obtained need not be		transaction reaches 20 percent of the company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the company shall engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the transaction price. This requirement does not apply, however, to publicly quoted prices of securities that have an active market, or where otherwise provided by regulations of the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC).	transaction reaches 20 percent of the company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the company shall engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the transaction price. If the CPA needs to use the report of an expert as evidence, the CPA shall do so in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ARDF. This requirement does not apply, however, to publicly quoted prices of securities that have an active market, or where otherwise provided by regulations of the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC).	Public Companies.
When judging whether a transaction counterparty is a related party, in addition to legal formalities, the substance of the relationship shall also be considered. - Assessment and operating procedure When the company intends to acquire or dispose of real property or its right-of-use asse from or to a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or counted toward the transaction amount. When judging whether a transaction to the shareholders' maddition to legal formalities, the substance of the relationship shall also be considered. - Assessment and operating procedure When the company intends to acquire or dispose of real property or its right-of-use asse from or to a related party, or when it intends to acquire or dispose of assets other than real property or its right-of-use asse from or to a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in resolution of the	Article 9	related party Nhen the company engages in any acquisition or disposal of assets from or to a related party, in addition to ensuring that the necessary resolutions are adopted and the reasonableness of the transaction terms is appraised, if the transaction amount reaches 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, the company shall also obtain an appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion in compliance with provisions in Article 7 of the disposition procedures for acquiring or disposing real property ,equipment or its right-of-use asset. The calculation of the transaction amounts shall be done in accordance with Article 14, paragraph 1 herein. Items for which an appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion has been obtained need not be counted toward the transaction amount. When judging whether a transaction counterparty is a related party, in addition to legal formalities, the substance of the relationship shall also be considered. Assessment and operating procedure when the company intends to acquire or dispose of real property or its right-of-use asse from or to a related party, or when it intends to acquire or dispose of assets other than real property or its right-of-use asse from or to a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more, except in trading of domestic government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption	related party Nhen the company engages in any acquisition or disposal of assets from or to a related party, in addition to ensuring that the necessary resolutions are adopted and the reasonableness of the transaction terms is appraised, if the transaction amount reaches 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, the company shall also obtain an appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion in compliance with provisions in Article 7 of the disposition procedures for acquiring or disposing real property equipment or its right-of-use asset. The calculation of the transaction amounts shall be done in accordance with Article 14, paragraph 1 herein. Items for which an appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion has been obtained need not be counted toward the transaction amount. When judging whether a transaction counterparty is a related party, in addition to legal formalities, the substance of the relationship shall also be considered. Assessment and operating procedure When the company intends to acquire or dispose of real property or its right-of-use asse from or to a related party, or when it intends to acquire or dispose of assets other than real property or its right-of-use asse from or to a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more, except in trading of domestic government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements,	Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies. In order to strengthen the management of related party transactions, it is added that if the Company or the subsidiary thereof that is not a domestic public company acquires or disposes of assets from a related party and the transaction amount reaches 10% or more of the Company's total assets, the Company shall submit the relevant information to the shareholders' meeting for approval before doing so in order to protect the shareholders' interests. However, transactions between the Company and the parent company or subsidiaries or between the subsidiaries, a resolution of the shareholders' meeting

		Revision
members of the Audit Committee and submitted to and ratified by the next	have been approved by ½ of the members of the Audit Committee and	
board of directors meeting:	submitted to and ratified by the next	
(VI)An appraisal report from a	board of directors meeting: (VI)An appraisal report from a	
(VI)An appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's	(VI)An appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's	
opinion obtained in compliance with	opinion obtained in compliance with	
the preceding article. (VII)Restrictive covenants and other	the preceding article. (VII)Restrictive covenants and other	
important stipulations associated	important stipulations associated	
with the transaction. The calculation of the transaction	with the transaction. The calculation of the transaction	
The calculation of the transaction amounts shall be made in accordance	amounts shall be made in accordance	
with Article 14, paragraph 1. Items that	with Article 14, paragraph 1. Items that	
have been submitted to the Board of Directors for approval in accordance with	have been submitted to the Board of Directors for approval in accordance with	
the provisions of this Regulation need not	the provisions of this Regulation need not	
be counted toward the transaction	be counted toward the transaction	
amount. With respect to the types of transactions	amount. With respect to the types of transactions	
listed below, when to be conducted	listed below, when to be conducted	
between the Company and the parent or subsidiaries, or between the subsidiaries	between the Company and the parent or subsidiaries, or between the subsidiaries	
in which it directly or indirectly holds	in which it directly or indirectly holds	
100 percent of the issued shares or authorized capital, the Company's board	100 percent of the issued shares or authorized capital, the Company's board	
of directors may, pursuant to Article 7,	of directors may, pursuant to Article 7,	
paragraph 2, subparagraph 2, delegate the	paragraph 2, subparagraph 2, delegate the	
board chairman to decide such matters when the transaction is within a certain	board chairman to decide such matters when the transaction is within a certain	
amount and have the decisions	amount and have the decisions	
subsequently submitted to and ratified by the next board of directors meeting:	subsequently submitted to and ratified by the next board of directors meeting:	
(I)Acquisition or disposal of equipment or	(I)Acquisition or disposal of equipment or	
right-of-use assets thereof held for	right-of-use assets thereof held for	
business use. (II)Acquisition or disposal of real	business use. (II)Acquisition or disposal of real	
property right-of-use assets held for	property right-of-use assets held for	
business use. If the Company or the subsidiary thereof	business use.	
that is not a domestic public company		
will have a transaction set out in paragraph 1 and the transaction amount		
will reach 10 percent or more of the		
Company's total assets, the Company		
shall submit the materials in all the subparagraphs of paragraph 1 to the		
shareholders meeting for approval before		
the transaction contract may be entered into and any payment made. However,		
this restriction does not apply to		
transactions between the Company and the parent company or subsidiaries, or		
between the subsidiaries.		
The calculation of the transaction		
amounts shall be made in accordance with Article 14, paragraph 1. Items that have		
been approved by the shareholders		
meeting need not be counted toward the transaction amount.		
omitted below.	omitted below.	
Procedures for acquisition or disposal of intangible assets or right-of-use assets thereof	Procedures for acquisition or disposal of intangible assets or right-of-use assets thereof	In compliance with the amendment to the
or memberships	or memberships	Regulations
 Appraisal and operating procedures 	 Appraisal and operating procedures 	Governing the
(The remaining are not yet amended.) 四、Professional appraisal opinion report on	(The remaining are not yet amended.) 四、Professional appraisal opinion report on	Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by
intangible assets or right-of-use assets	intangible assets or right-of-use assets	Public Companies.
thereof or membership (I)If the Company acquires or disposes of	thereof or membership (I)If the Company acquires or disposes of	

Article No.	After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanations for the Revision
	memberships with a transaction amount of NT\$20 million or more, it shall obtain an appraisal report from a	memberships with a transaction amount of NT\$20 million or more, it shall obtain an appraisal report from a	
	professional appraiser. (II)If the Company acquires or disposes	professional appraiser. (II)If the Company acquires or disposes	
	of intangible assets or right-of-use assets thereof or memberships and the	of intangible assets or right-of-use assets thereof or memberships and the	
	transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more shall obtain an	transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more shall obtain an	
	appraisal report from a professional appraiser. (III)If the Company acquires or disposes	appraisal report from a professional appraiser. (III)If the Company acquires or disposes	
	of intangible assets or right-of-use assets thereof or memberships and the	of intangible assets or right-of-use assets thereof or memberships and the	
	transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300	transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300	
	million or more, except in transactions with a domestic government agency, the Company shall engage a certified	million or more, except in transactions with a domestic government agency, the Company shall engage a certified	
	public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to render an	public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to render an	
	opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price.	opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price, the CPA shall be in accordance with the provisions of	
		Statement on Auditing Standards No. 20 issued by the Accounting Research	
	omitted below.	and Development Foundationomitted below.	
Article 14	Procedure for public information disclosure - items which shall be announced or	Procedure for public information disclosure - \(\cdot \) items which shall be announced or	In compliance with the amendment to the
	reported and their standards (I)Acquisition or disposal of real	reported and their standards (I)Acquisition or disposal of real	Regulations Governing the
İ	property or its right-of-use asset from or to a related party, or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real	property or its right-of-use asset from or to a related party, or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real	Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies.
	property or its right-of-use asset from or to a related party where the	property or its right-of-use asset from or to a related party where the	Tuble companies.
	transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent	transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent	
	or more of the company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more; provided, this shall not apply to trading of	or more of the company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more; provided, this shall not apply to trading of	
	domestic government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale	domestic government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale	
	agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds	agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds	
	issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises. (II)Merger, demerger, acquisition, or	issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises. (II)Merger, demerger, acquisition, or	
	transfer of shares. (III)Losses from derivatives trading	transfer of shares. (III)Losses from derivatives trading	
	reaching the limits on aggregate losses or losses on individual contracts set out in the procedures adopted by the	reaching the limits on aggregate losses or losses on individual contracts set out in the procedures adopted by the	
	company. (IV)Where equipment or its right-of-use	company. (IV)Where equipment or its right-of-use	
1	asset for business use are acquired or disposed of, and furthermore the	asset for business use are acquired or disposed of, and furthermore the	
	transaction counterparty is not a related party, and the transaction amount reaches NT\$ 1 billion or more.	transaction counterparty is not a related party, and the transaction amount reaches NT\$ 1 billion or more.	
1	(V)Acquisition or disposal by the company in the construction business	(V) Acquisition or disposal by the company in the construction business	
l	of real property or its right-of-use asset or right-of-use assets thereof for construction use, and furthermore the	of real property or its right-of-use asset or right-of-use assets thereof for construction use, and furthermore the	
1	transaction counterparty is not a related party, and the transaction	transaction counterparty is not a related party, and the transaction	
	amount reaches NT\$500 million.	amount reaches NT\$500 million.	

Article No.	After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanations for the Revision
	Disposing of real property from a	Disposing of real property from a	
	completed construction project that it	completed construction project that it	
	constructed itself, and furthermore the	constructed itself, and furthermore the	
	transaction counterparty is not a	transaction counterparty is not a	
	related party, then the threshold shall	related party, then the threshold shall	
	be a transaction amount reaching	be a transaction amount reaching	
	NT\$1 billion or more.	NT\$1 billion or more.	
	(VI)Where land is acquired under an	(VI) Where land is acquired under an	
	arrangement on engaging others to	arrangement on engaging others to	
	build on the company's own land,	build on the company's own land,	
	engaging others to build on rented	engaging others to build on rented	
	land, joint construction and allocation	land, joint construction and allocation	
	of housing units, joint construction	of housing units, joint construction	
	and allocation of ownership	and allocation of ownership	
	percentages, or joint construction and	percentages, or joint construction and	
	separate sale, and furthermore the	separate sale, and furthermore the	
	transaction counterpart is not a	transaction counterpart is not a	
	Related Party, and the amount the	Related Party, and the amount the	
	company expects to invest in the	company expects to invest in the	
	transaction reaches NT\$500 million.	transaction reaches NT\$500 million.	
	(VII)Where an asset transaction other	(VII)Where an asset transaction other	
	than any of those referred to in the	than any of those referred to in the	
	preceding six subparagraphs, a	preceding six subparagraphs, a	
	disposal of receivables by a financial	disposal of receivables by a financial	
	institution, or an investment in the	institution, or an investment in the	
	mainland China area reaches 20	mainland China area reaches 20	
	percent or more of paid-in capital or	percent or more of paid-in capital or	
	NT\$300 million; provided, this shall	NT\$300 million; provided, this shall	
	not apply to the following	not apply to the following	
	circumstances:	circumstances:	
	1.Trading of domestic government	1.Trading of domestic government	
	bonds or foreign government	bonds.	
	bonds with a rating that is not		
	lower than the sovereign rating of		
	<u>Taiwan.</u>		
	2.Where done by professional	2. Where done by professional	
	investors—securities trading on	investors—securities trading on	
	securities exchanges or OTC	securities exchanges or OTC	
	markets, or subscription of foreign	markets, or subscription of	
	government bonds, or of ordinary	ordinary corporate bonds or	
	corporate bonds or general bank	general bank debentures without	
	debentures without equity	equity characteristics (excluding	
	characteristics (excluding	subordinated debt) that are offered	
	subordinated debt) that are offered	and issued in the primary market,	
	and issued in the primary market,	or subscription or redemption of	
	or subscription or redemption of securities investment trust funds or	securities investment trust funds or	
		futures trust funds or subscription	
	futures trust funds, or subscription	by a securities firm of securities as	
	or redemption of exchange traded	necessitated by its business	
	notes, or subscription by a	undertaking or as an advisory	
	securities firm of securities as	recommending a securities firm for	
	necessitated by its business	an emerging stock company, in	
	undertaking or as an advisory	accordance with the rules of the	
	recommending a securities firm for	Taipei Exchange.	
	an emerging stock company, in		
	accordance with the rules of the		
	Taipei Exchange.		
	3.Trading of bonds under repurchase	3.Trading of bonds under repurchase	
	and resale agreements, or	and resale agreements, or	
	subscription or redemption of	subscription or redemption of	
	money market funds issued by	money market funds issued by	
	domestic securities investment	domestic securities investment	
	trust enterprises.	trust enterprises.	
	The amount of transactions above	The amount of transactions above	
	shall be calculated as follows:	shall be calculated as follows:	
	1.The amount of any individual	1.The amount of any individual	
	transaction.	transaction.	
	2. The cumulative transaction amount	2. The cumulative transaction amount	
	of acquisitions and disposals of the	of acquisitions and disposals of the	
	same type of underlying asset with	same type of underlying asset with	

Article No.	After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanations for the Revision
	the same transaction counterparty	the same transaction counterparty	110 (101011
	within the preceding year.	within the preceding year.	
	3. The cumulative transaction amount	3. The cumulative transaction amount	
	of acquisitions and disposals	of acquisitions and disposals	
	(cumulative acquisitions and	(cumulative acquisitions and	
	disposals, respectively) of real	disposals, respectively) of real	
	property or right-of-use assets	property or right-of-use assets	
	thereof within the same	thereof within the same	
	development project within the	development project within the	
	preceding year.	preceding year.	
	4. The cumulative transaction amount	4. The cumulative transaction amount	
	of acquisitions and disposals	of acquisitions and disposals	
	(cumulative acquisitions and	(cumulative acquisitions and	
	disposals, respectively) of the	disposals, respectively) of the	
	same security within the preceding	same security within the preceding	
	year.	year.	
	"Within the preceding year" as used in	"Within the preceding year" as used in	
	the preceding paragraph refers to the	the preceding paragraph refers to the	
	year preceding the date of occurrence	year preceding the date of occurrence	
	of the current transaction. Items duly announced in accordance with these	of the current transaction. Items duly announced in accordance with these	
	regulations need not be counted	regulations need not be counted	
	toward the transaction amount.	toward the transaction amount.	
	omitted below.	omitted below.	